



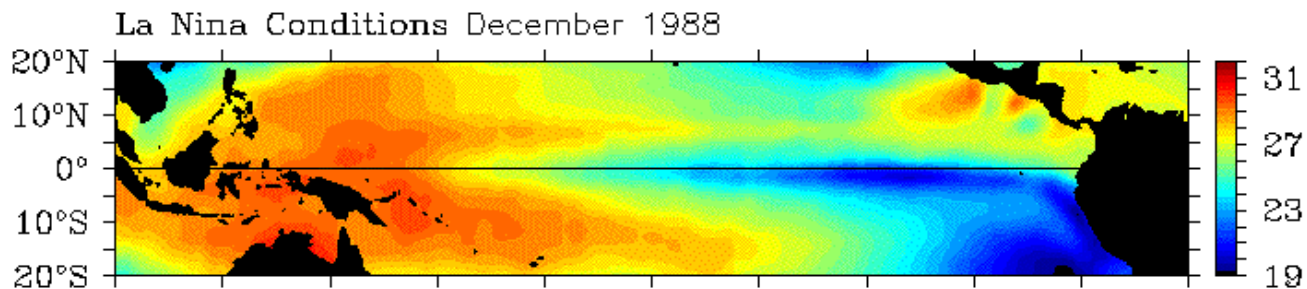
# El Nino Diversity

**Jong-Seong Kug**  
**Seoul National University**

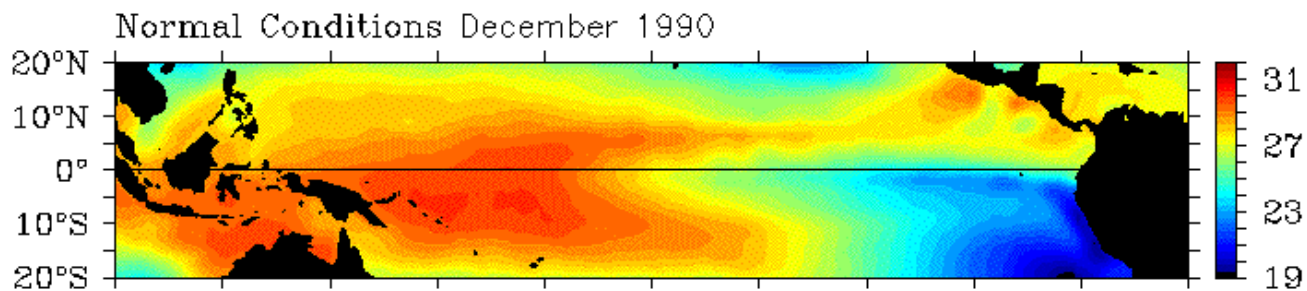
[jskug@snu.ac.kr](mailto:jskug@snu.ac.kr)  
<http://climate.snu.ac.kr>

# Sea Surface Temperature

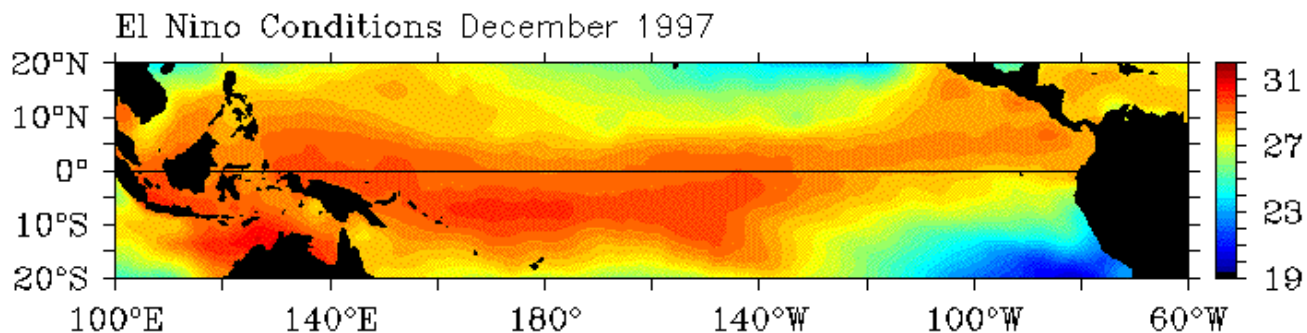
La Nina



Normal

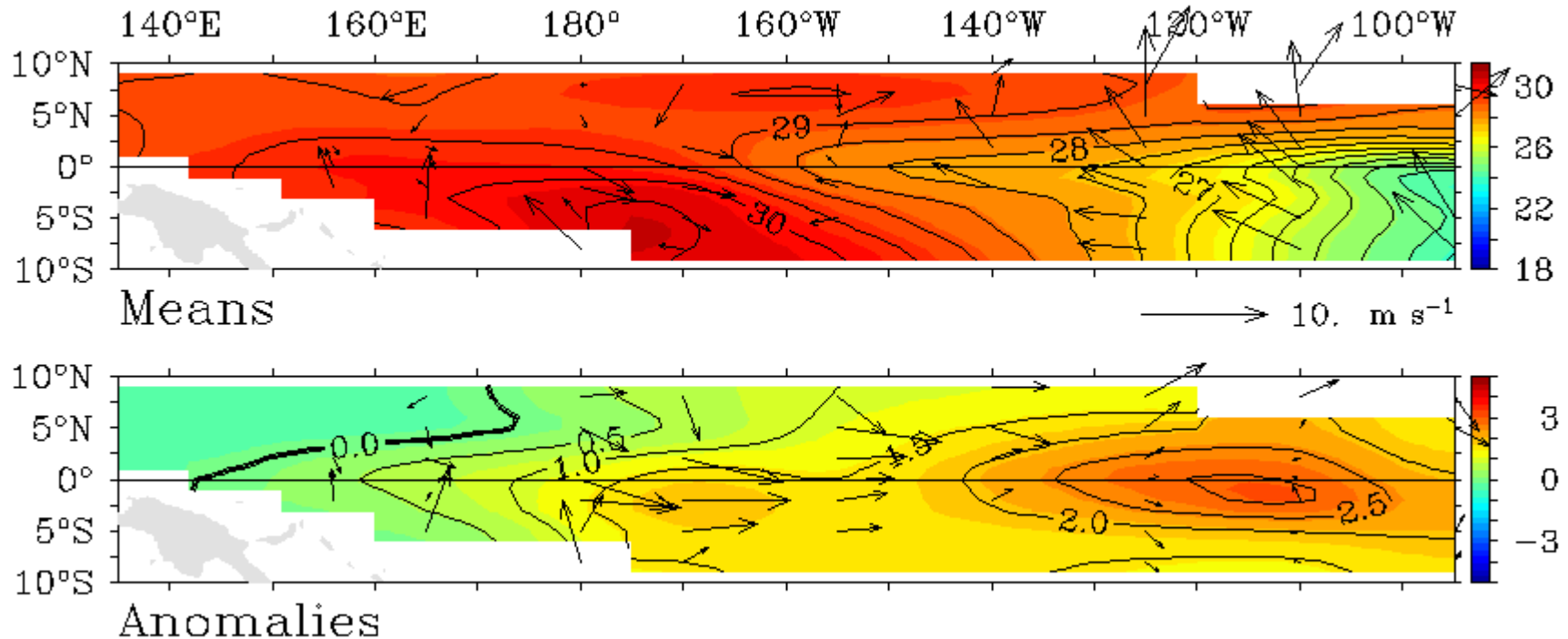


El Nino



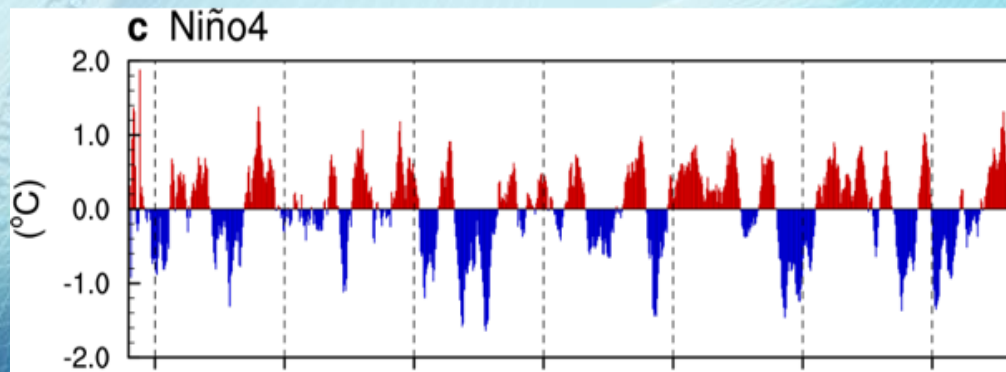
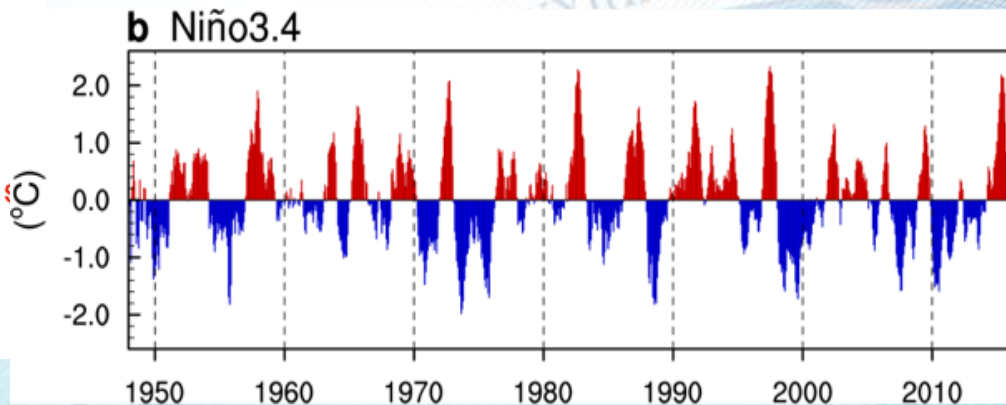
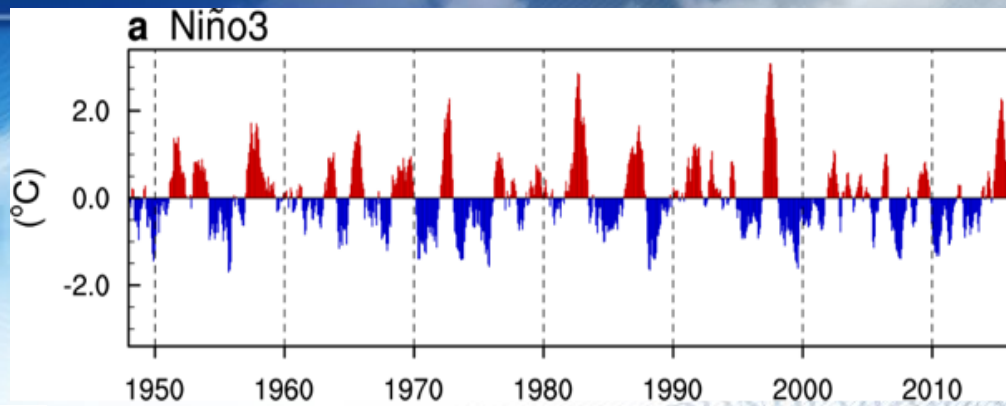
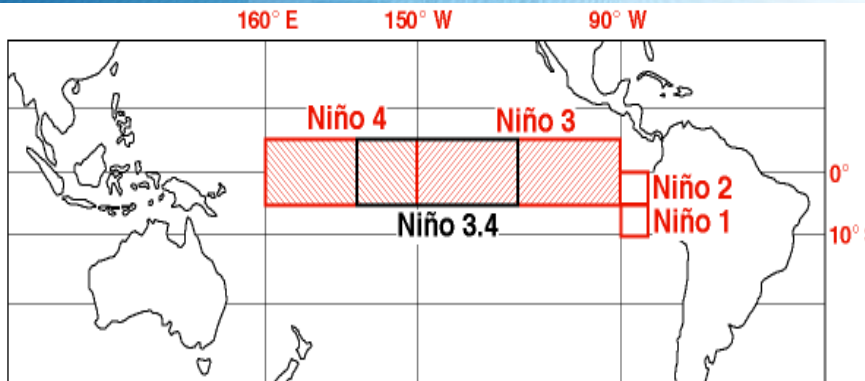
# 2015/16 El Nino

TAO/TRITON SST ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and Winds ( $\text{m s}^{-1}$ )

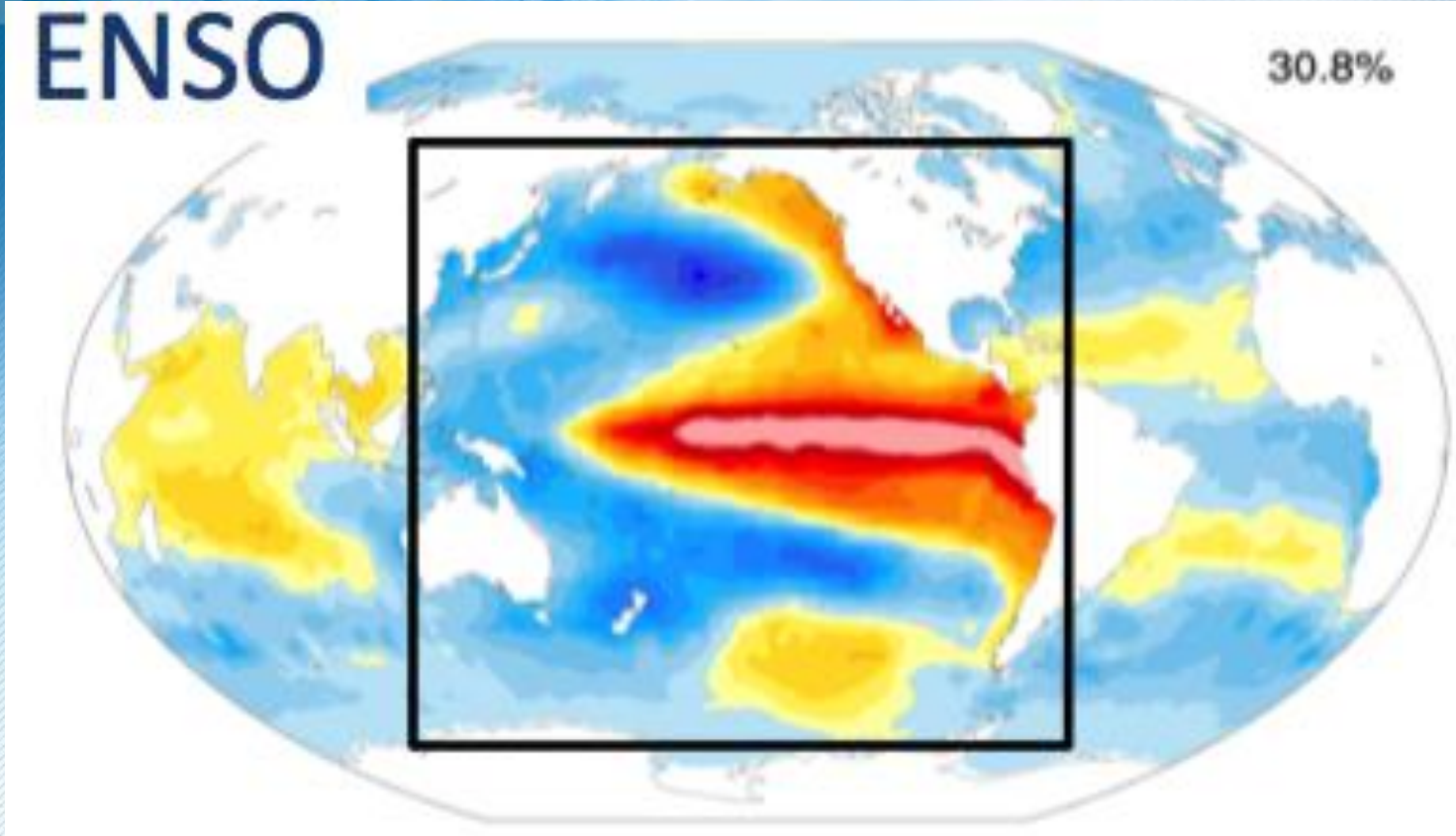


Five-Day Mean Ending on October 27 2015

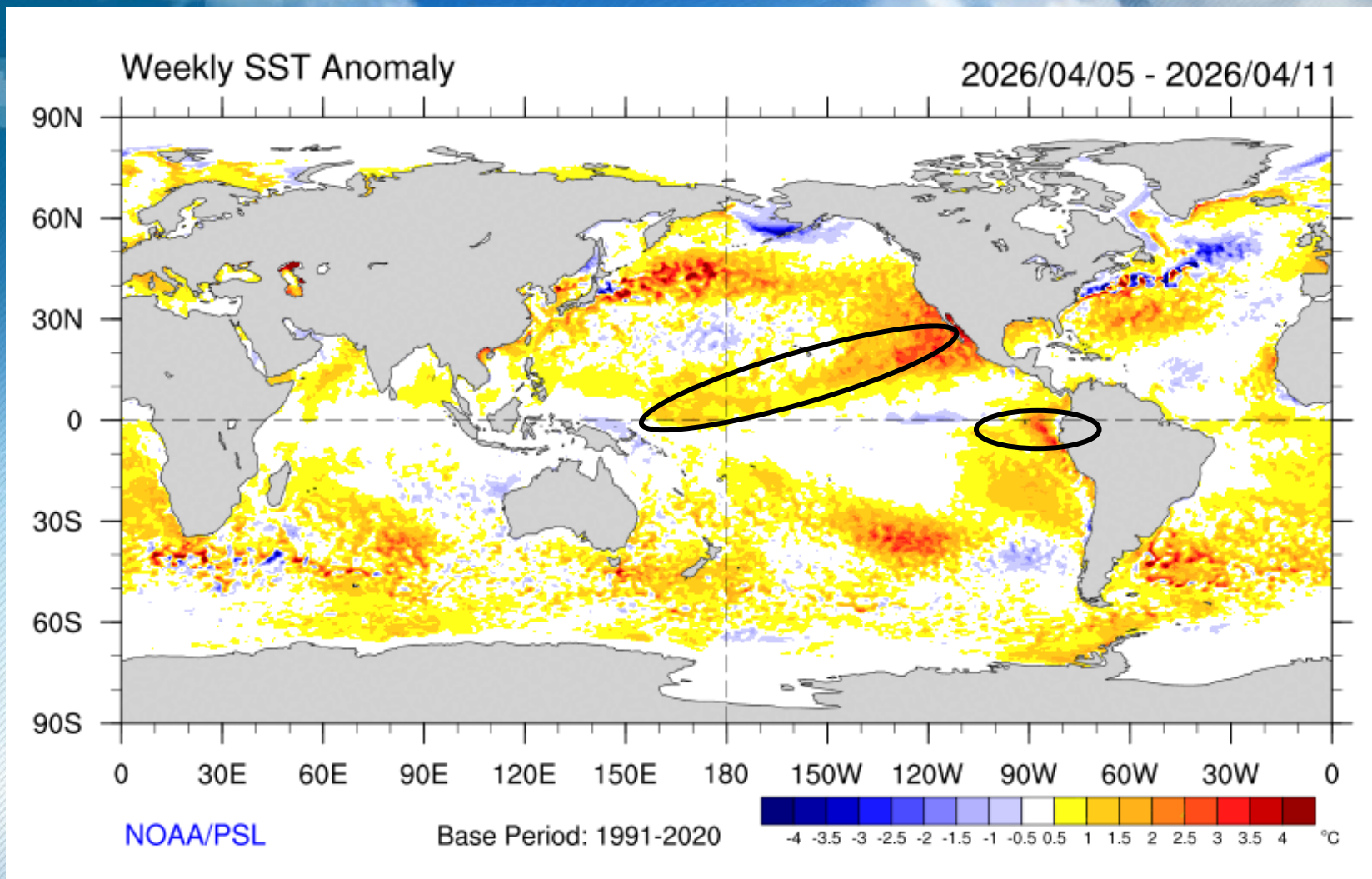
# El Nino Indices



# Global SST associated with ENSO



# 2026 El Nino is coming?

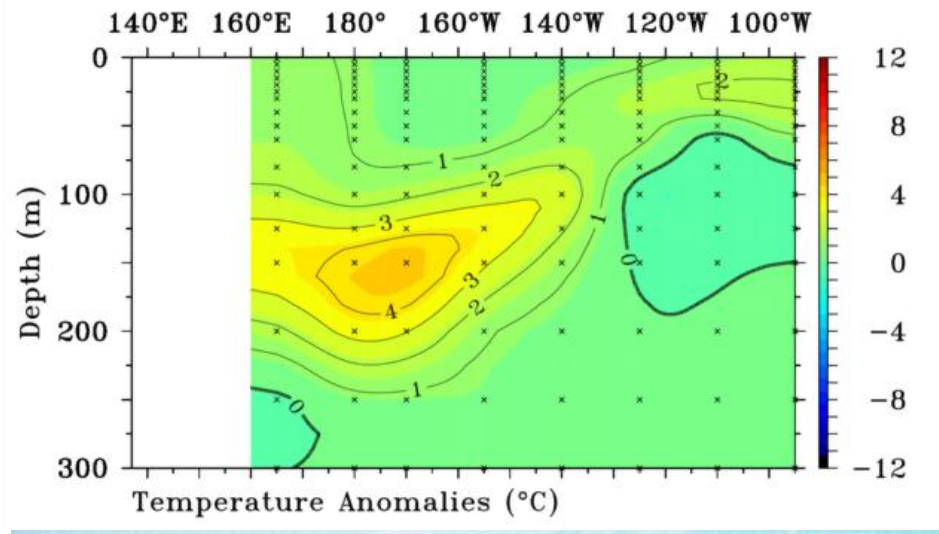
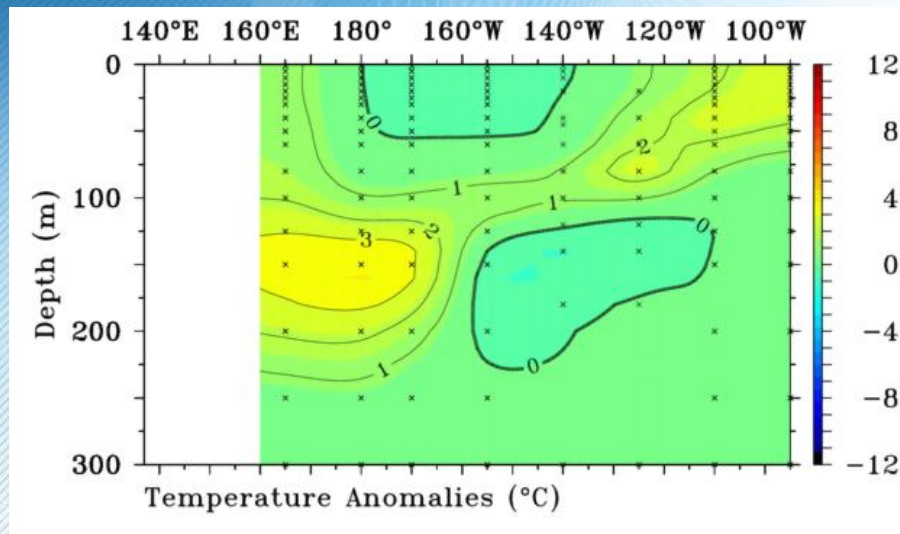


# 2026 El Nino is coming?

## Equatorial Subsurface Temperature

**MAR. 2026**

**APR. 2026**

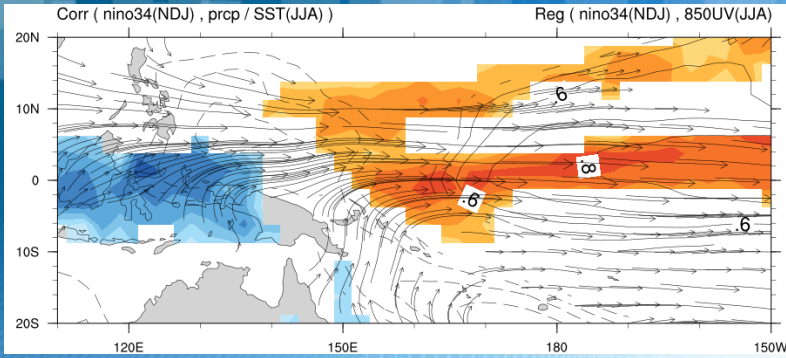




# Impacts of El Nino On Pacific Islands

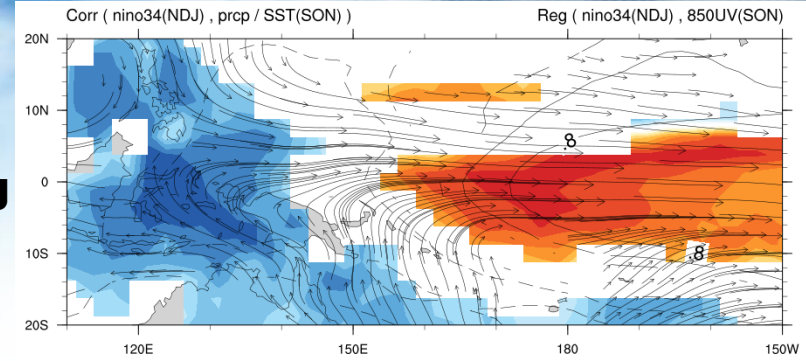
# Circulation, SST, Precipitation

**JJA(0)**

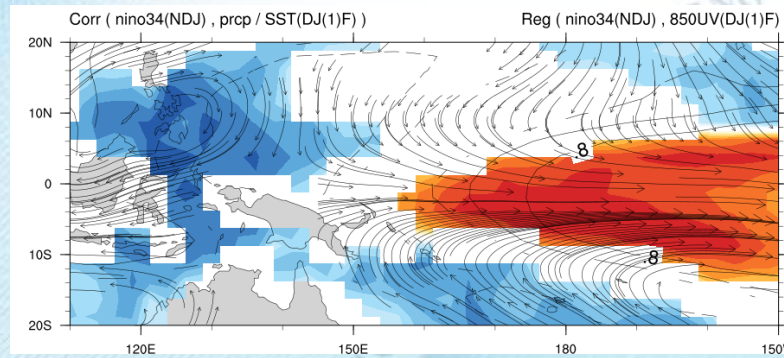


**Developing**

**SON(0)**



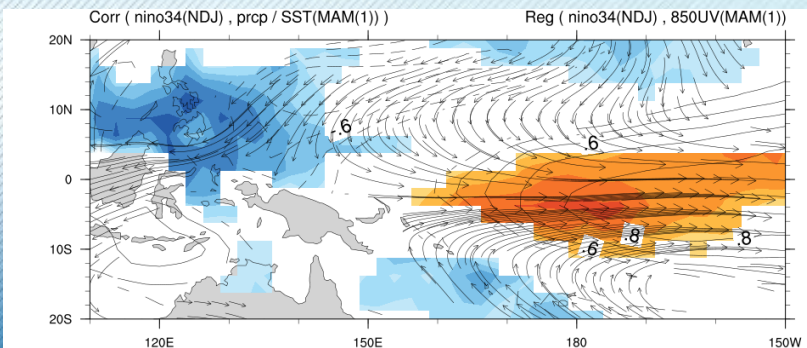
**D(0)JF(1)**



Contour: SST  
Shading: Precipitation  
Vector: wind at 850hPa

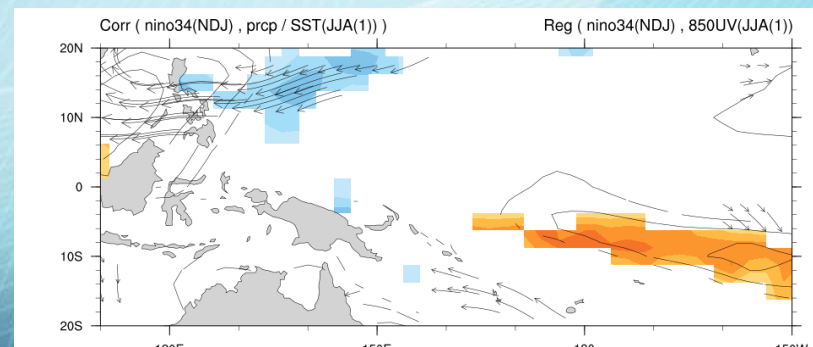
**Mature**

**MAM(1)**

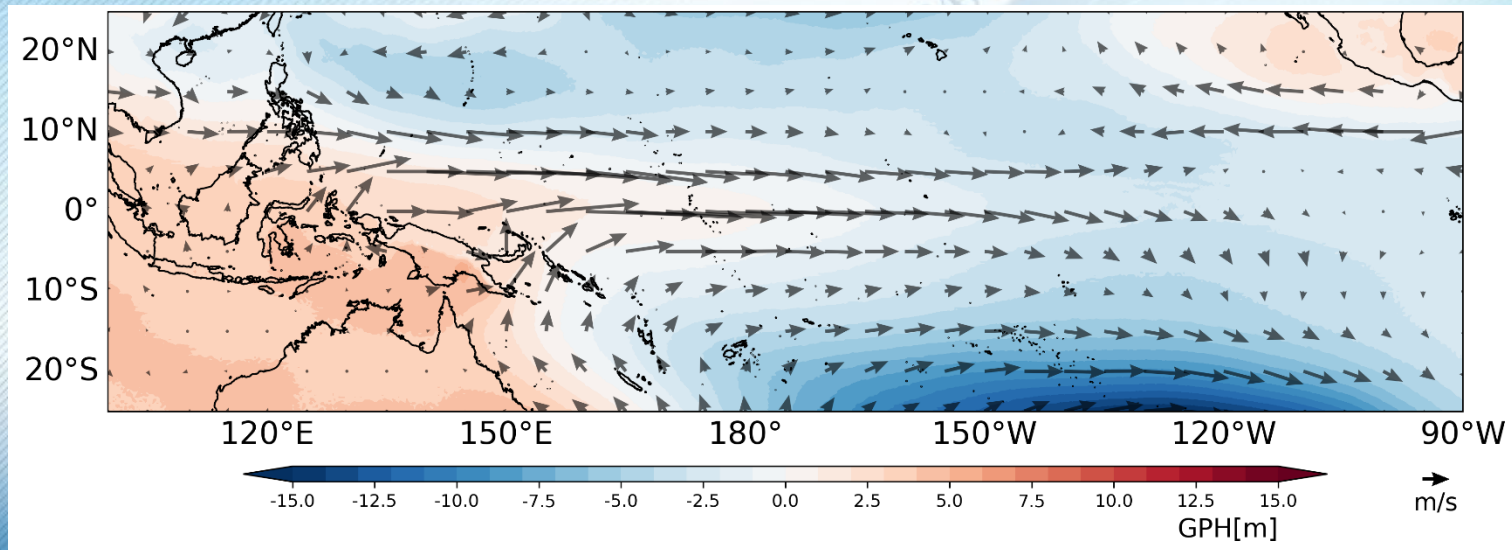
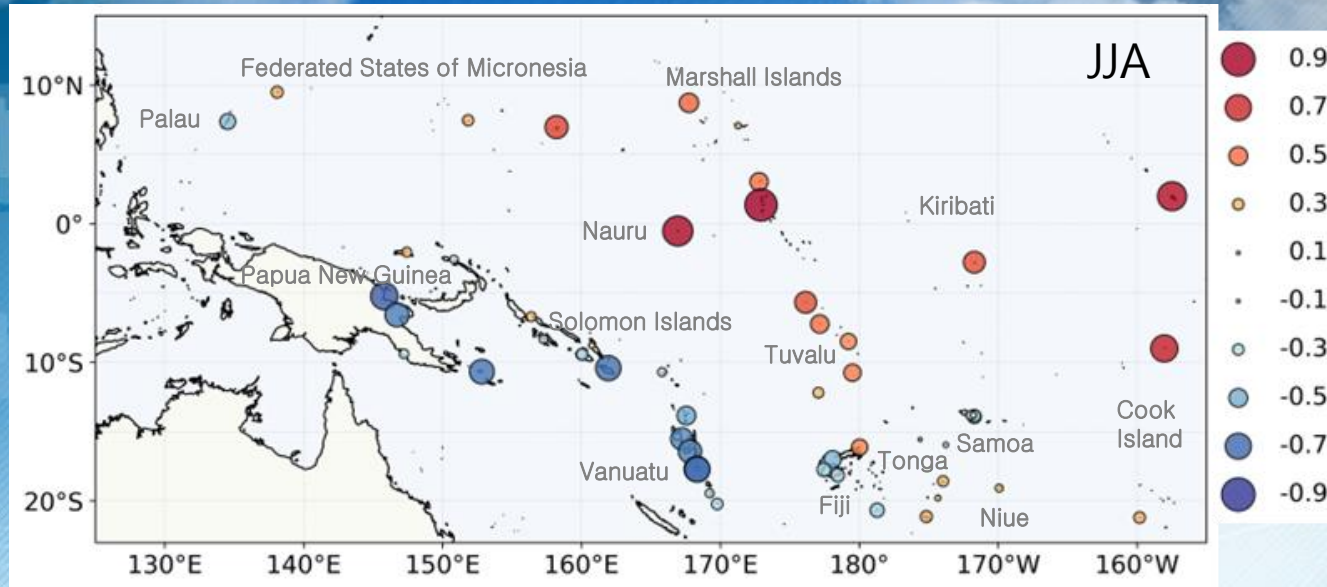


**Decaying**

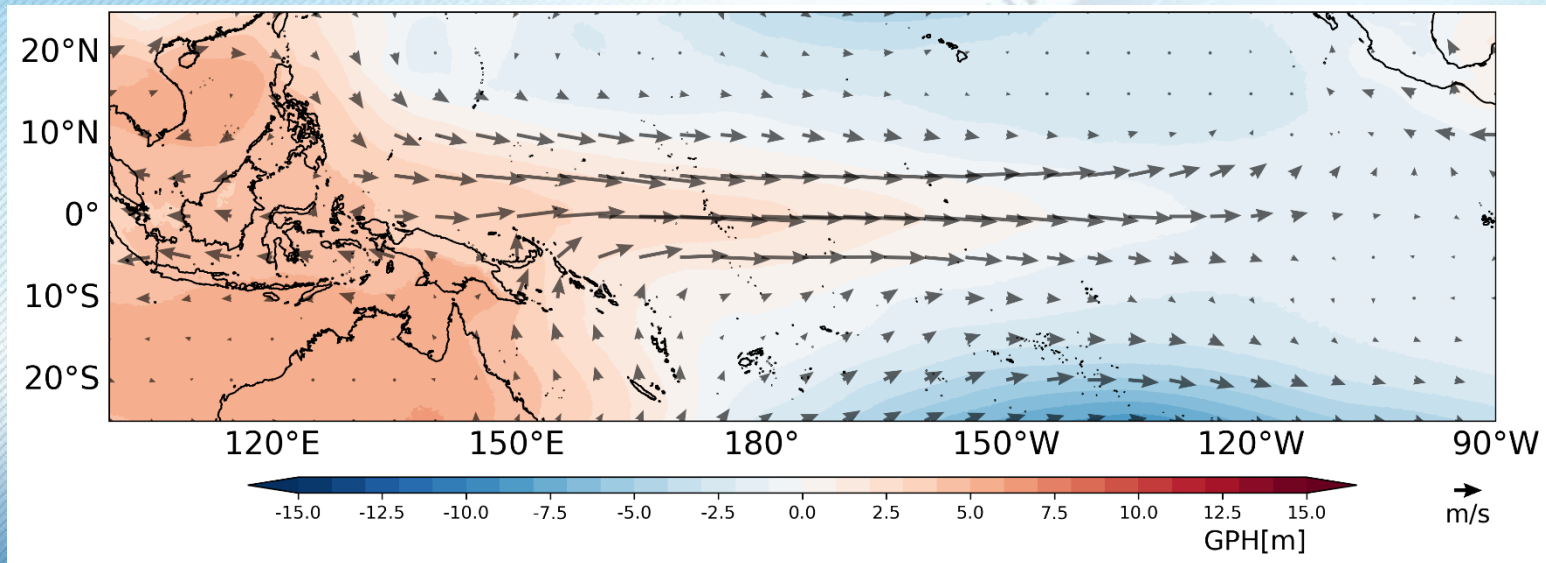
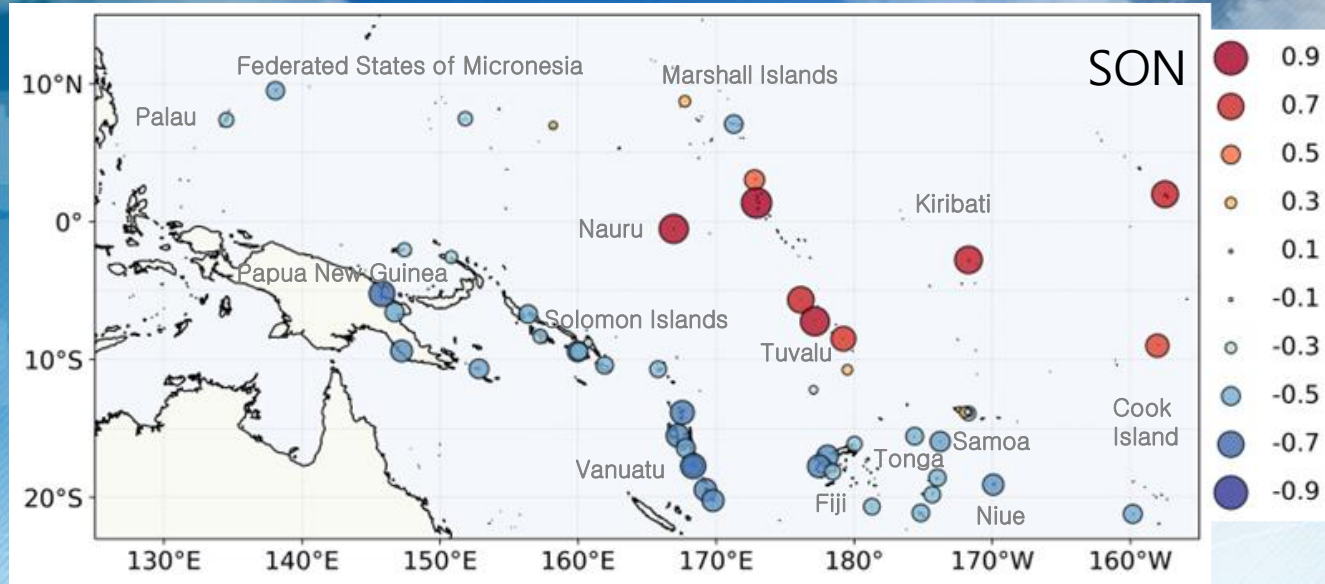
**JJA(1)**



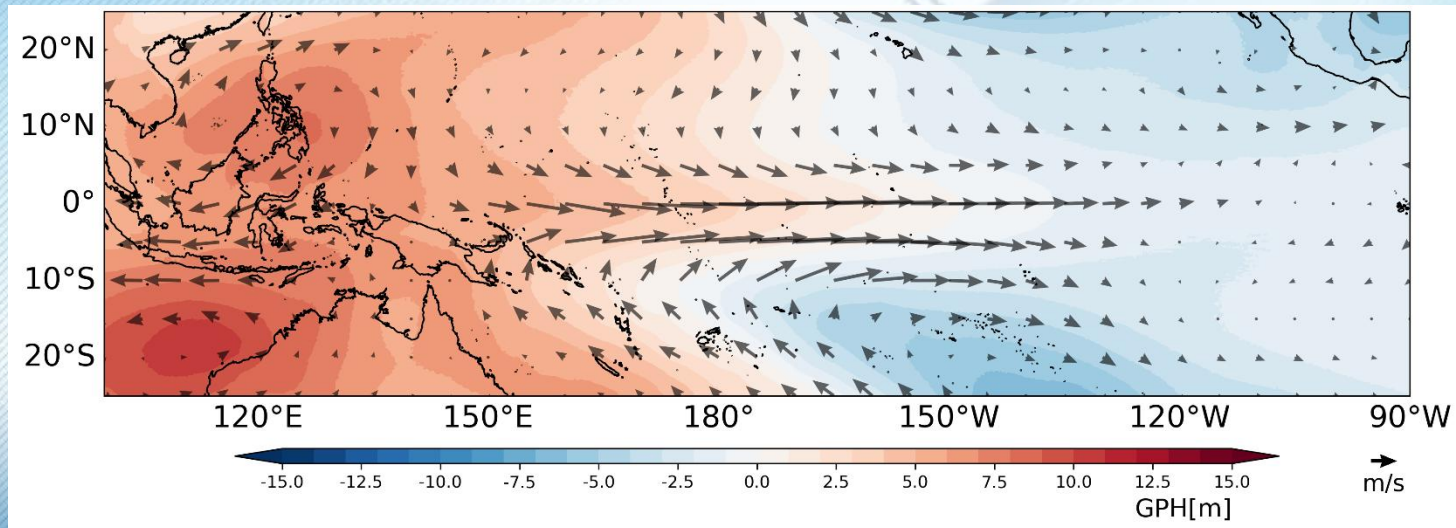
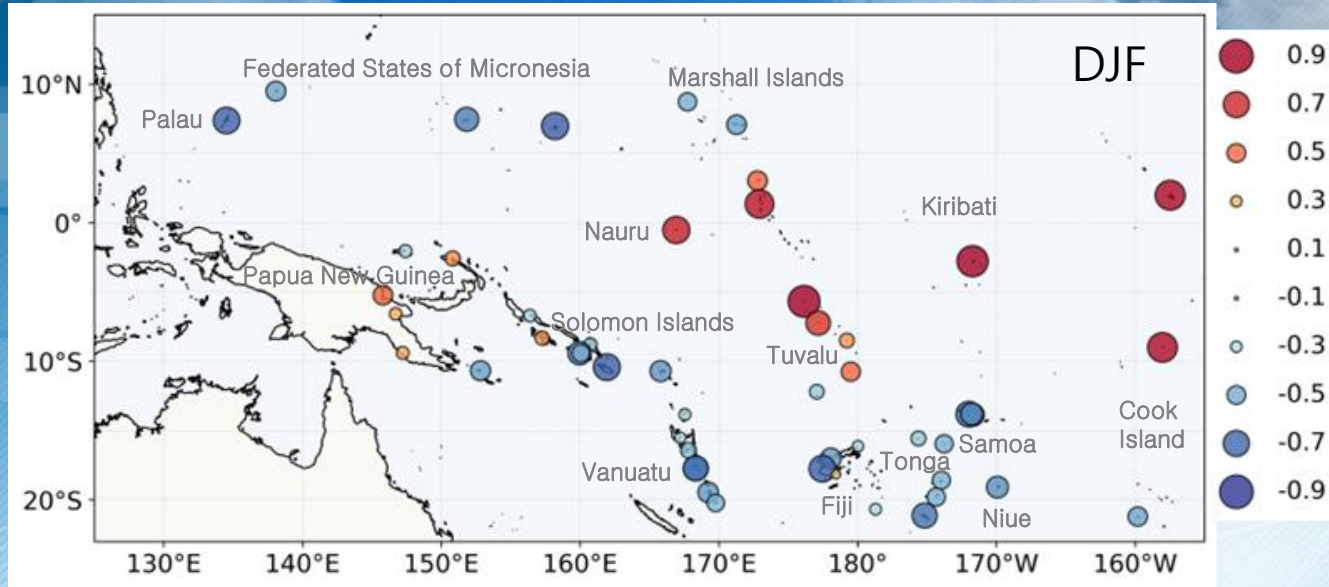
# Correlation bet. Nino3.4 & Precipitation (Station data)



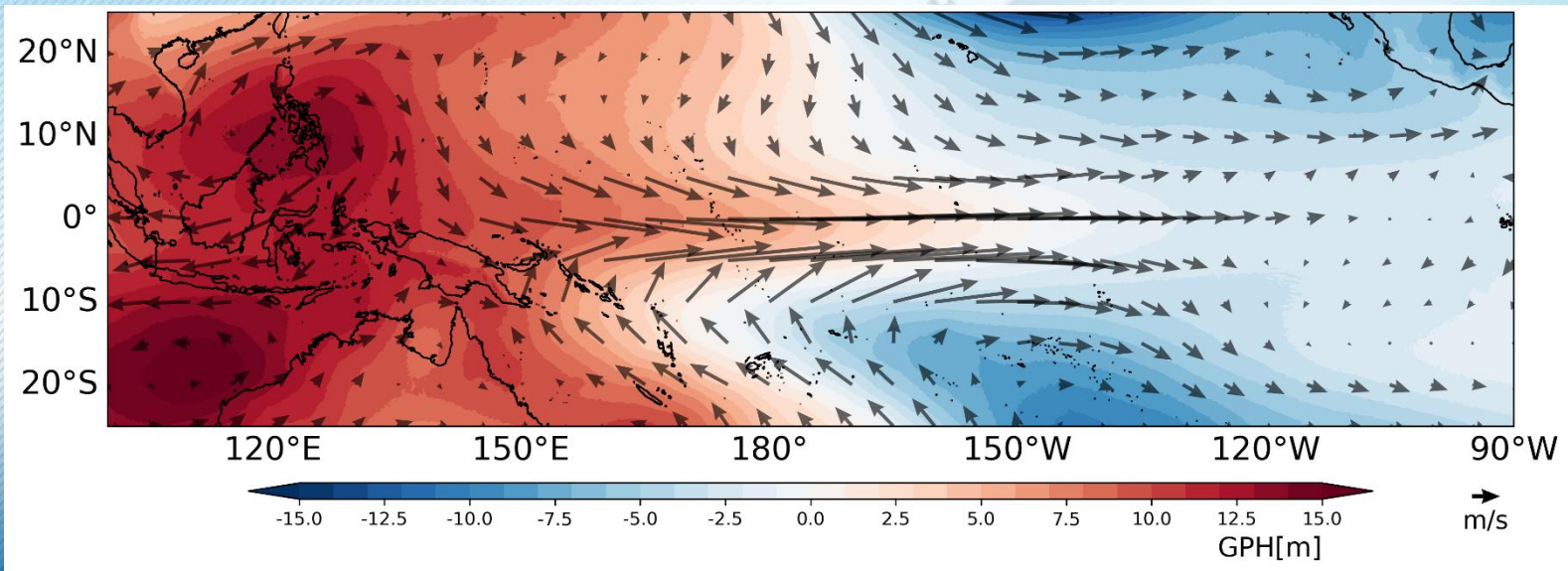
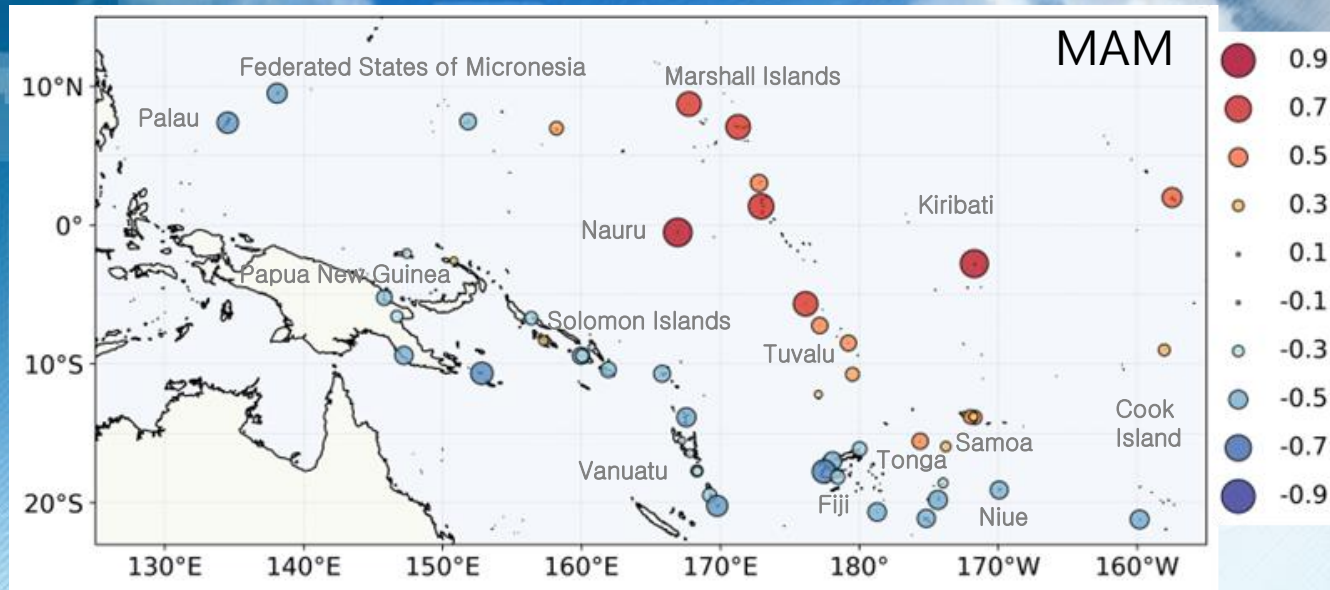
# Correlation bet. Nino3.4 & Precipitation (Station data)



# Correlation bet. Nino3.4 & Precipitation (Station data)



# Correlation bet. Nino3.4 & Precipitation (Station data)



# El Nino Diversity

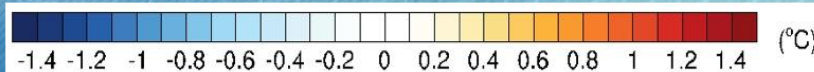
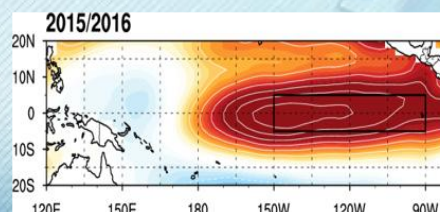
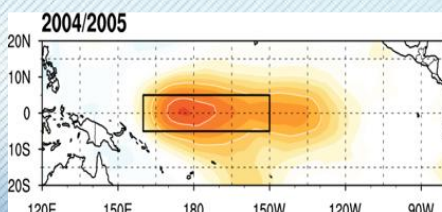
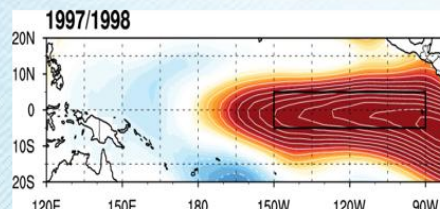
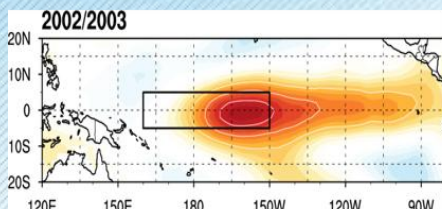
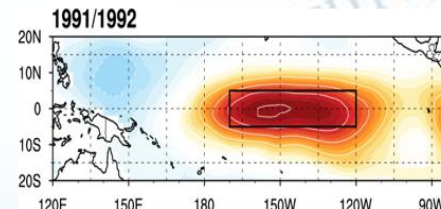
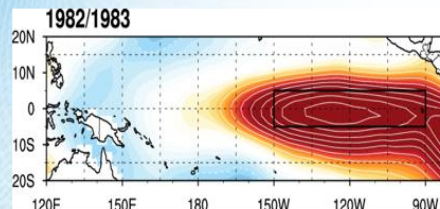
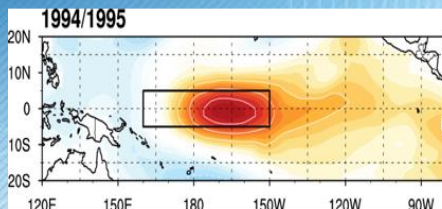
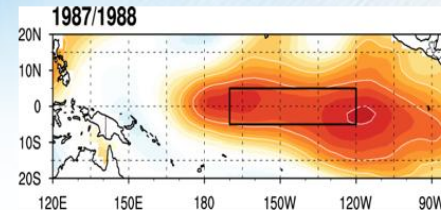
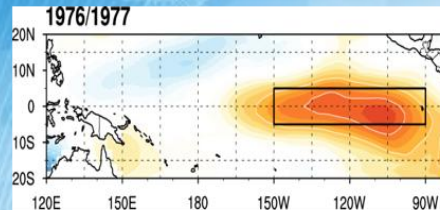
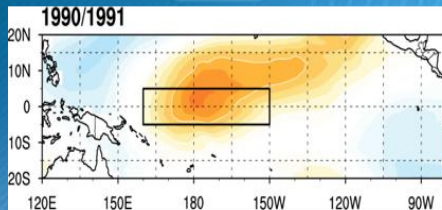
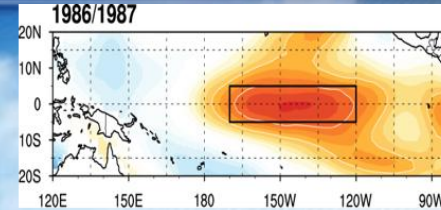
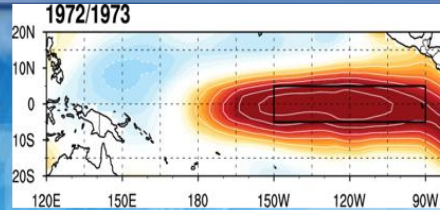
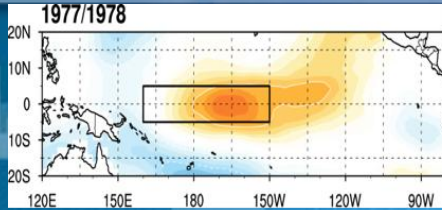


## New Type of El Nino

- ◆ El Nino Modoki (Ashok et al. 2007 )
- ◆ Central Pacific (CP) El Nino (Kao and Yu 2009 )
- ◆ Warm Pool (WP) El Nino (Kug et al. 2009)
  - : Strong SST variability over the central Pacific
  - : Recent intensification
  - : Different teleconnection

# Central Pacific El Nino

# Eastern Pacific El Nino

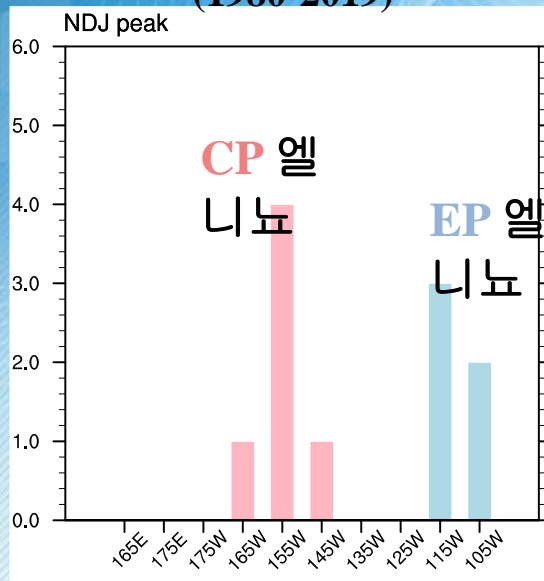


Kug et al. (2009, JC)

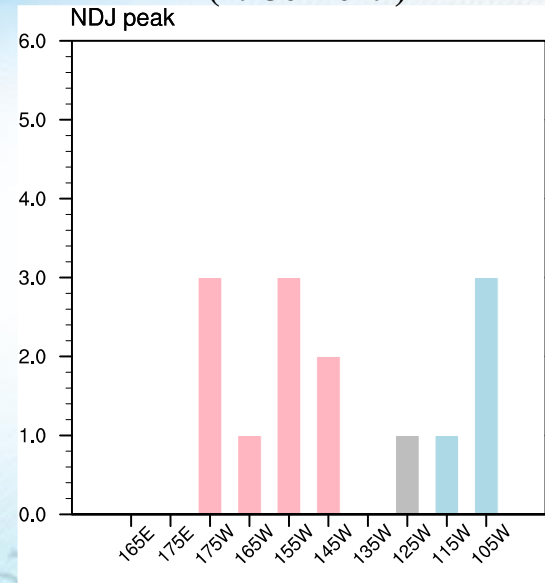
# Distribution of El Nino SST Peaks

## Distribution of El Nino SST Peaks

**HadISST  
(1980-2019)**



**ERSST  
(1980-2019)**



✓ **Bimodal distribution**

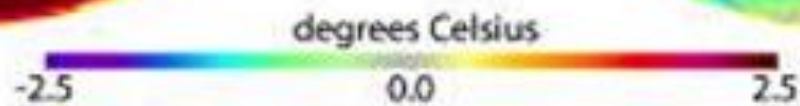
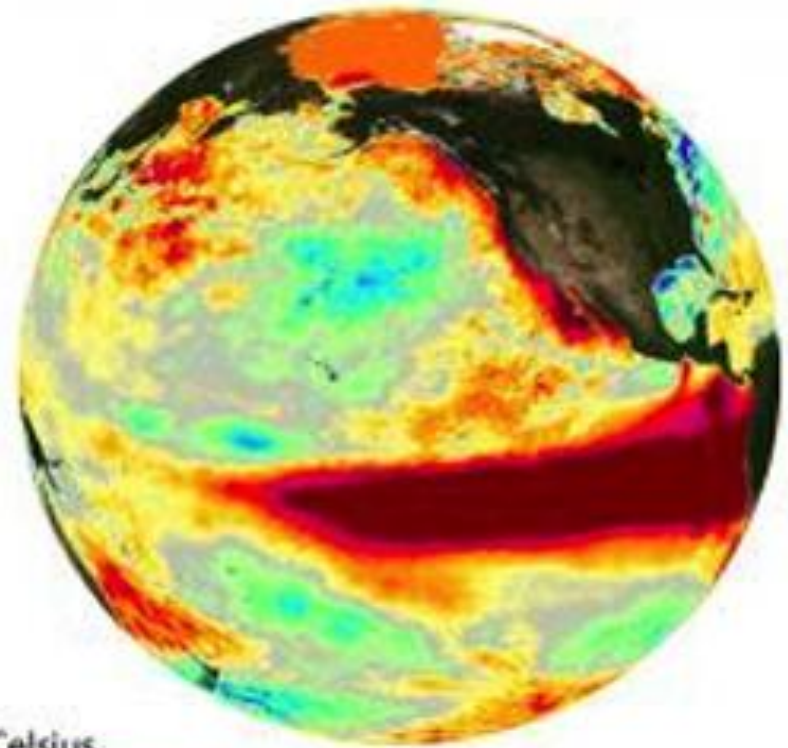
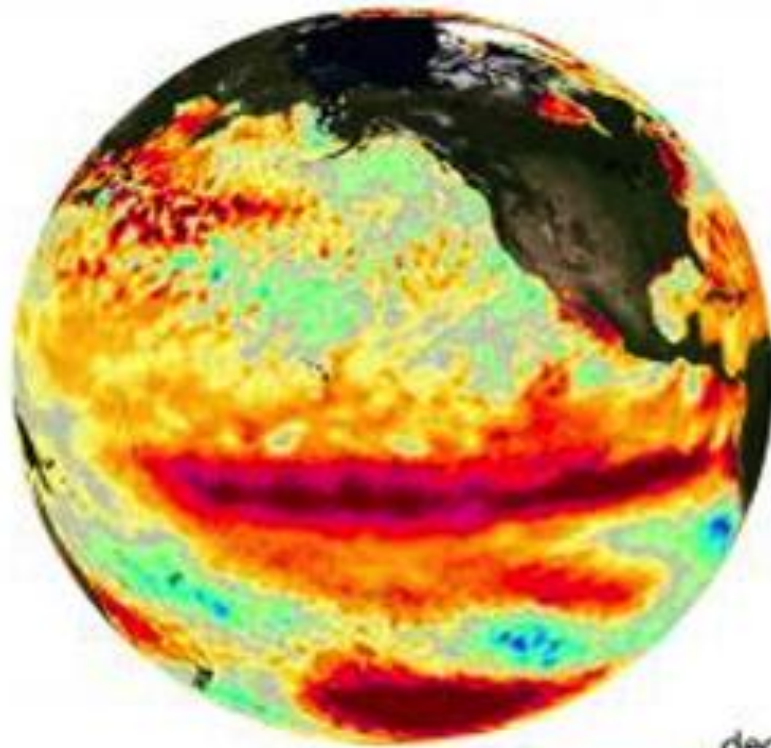
# Two types of El Nino

Central Pacific El Nino

Eastern Pacific El Nino

December 2009  
Blended AMSR-E and MODIS SSTA

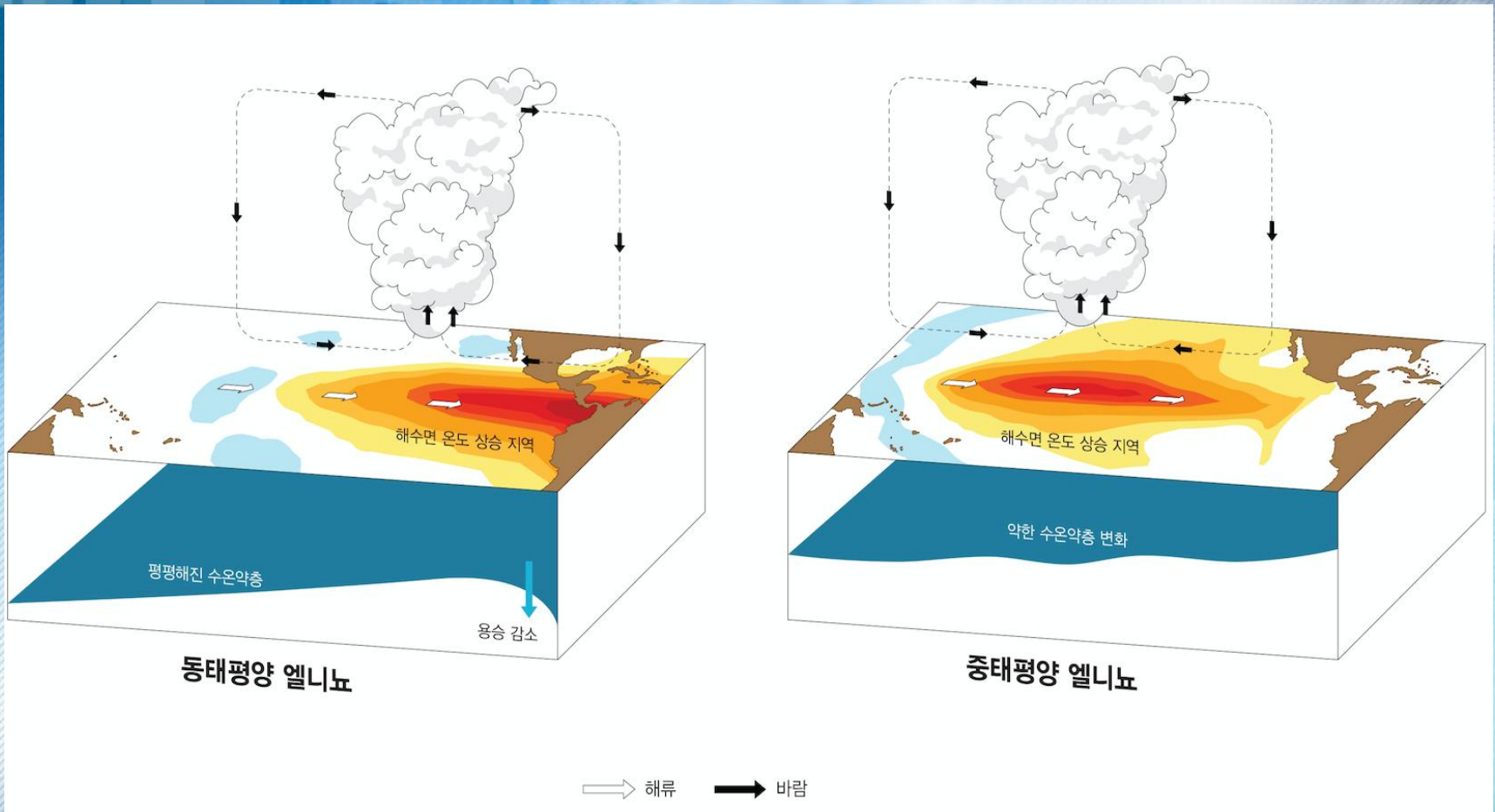
December 1997  
Pathfinder AVHRR SSTA



# Two types of El Nino

## Eastern Pacific El Nino

## Central Pacific El Nino



# El Niño Diversity under global warming

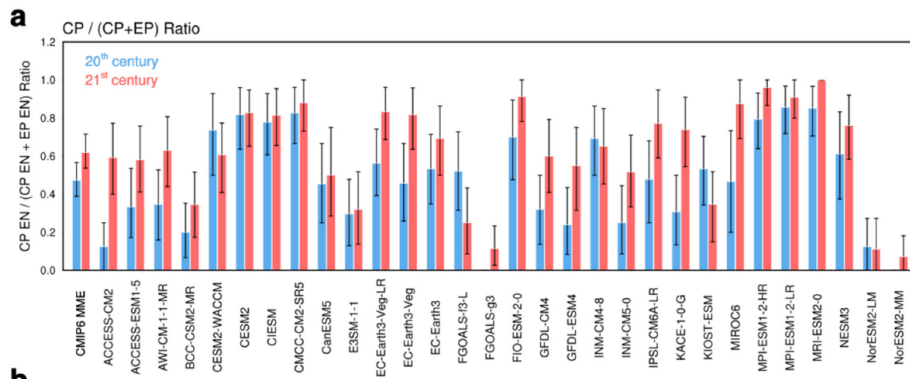
ARTICLE OPEN



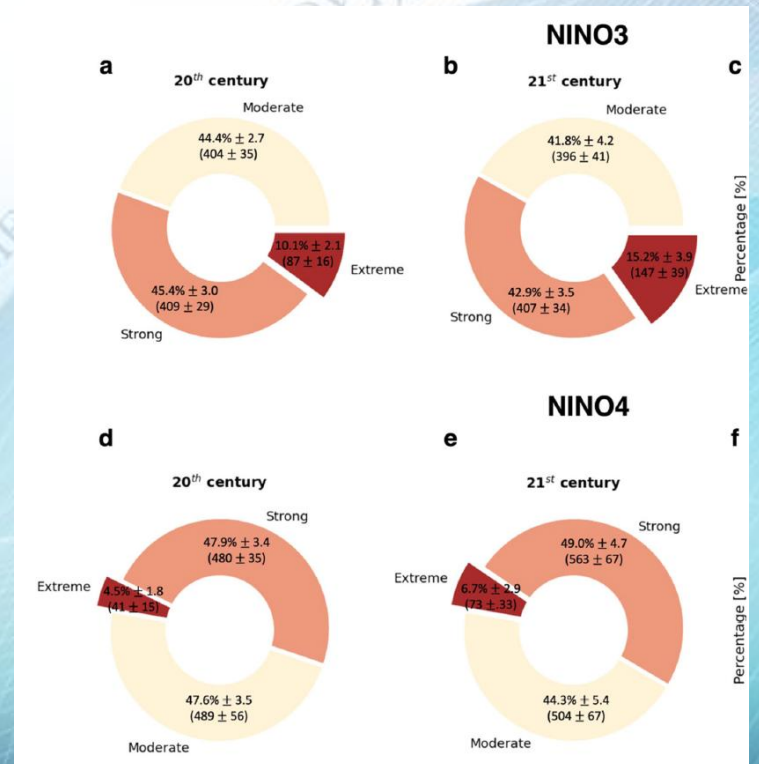
## More frequent central Pacific El Niño and stronger eastern Pacific El Niño in a warmer climate

Na-Yeon Shin <sup>1</sup>, Jong-Seong Kug <sup>1,2</sup>, Malte F. Stuecker <sup>3</sup>, Fei-Fei Jin <sup>4</sup>, Axel Timmermann <sup>5,6</sup> and Geon-Il Kim <sup>1</sup>

### More Frequent CP El Niño

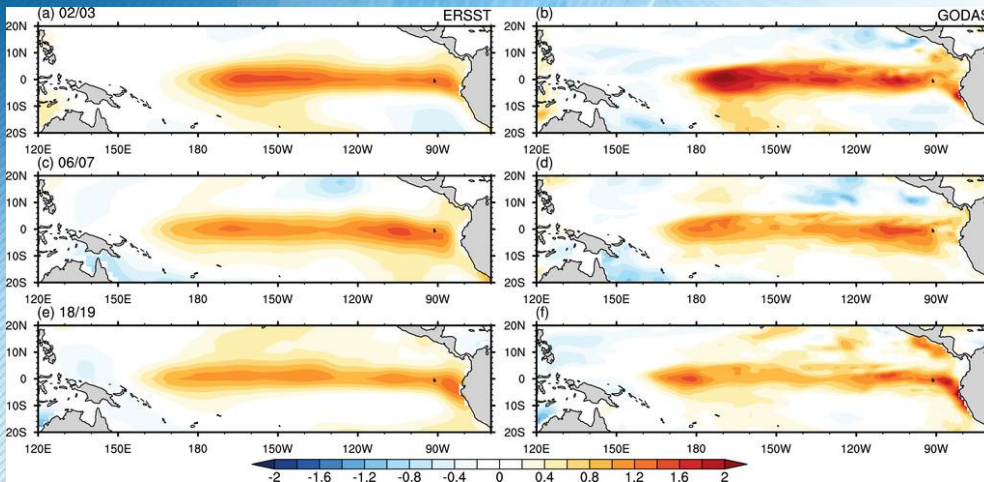


### Stronger EP El Niño

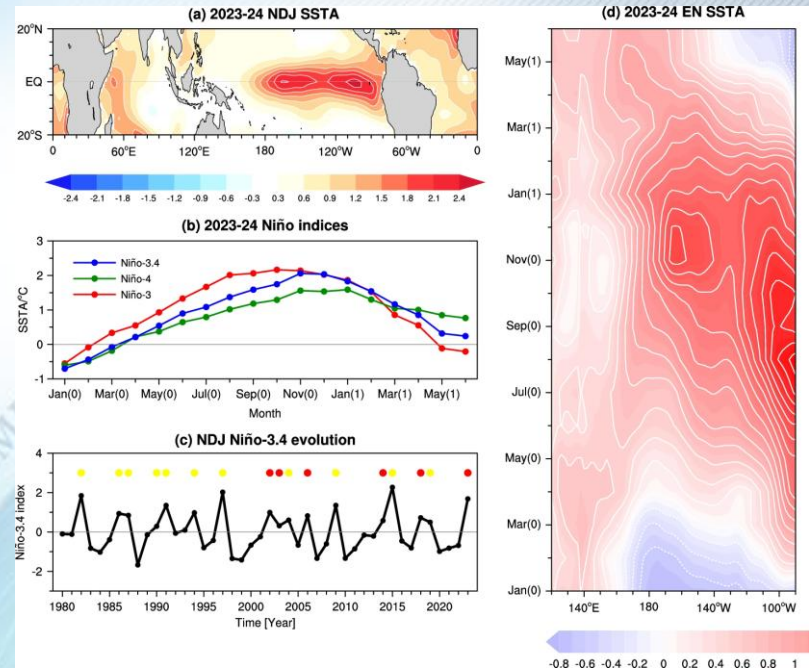


# Double-Peaked El Nino

## Double Peaked El Nino



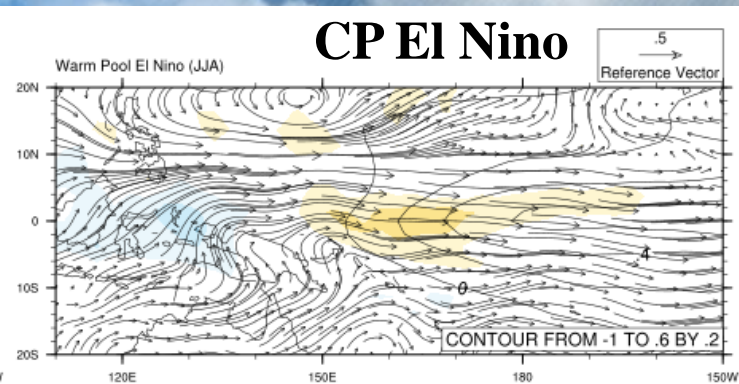
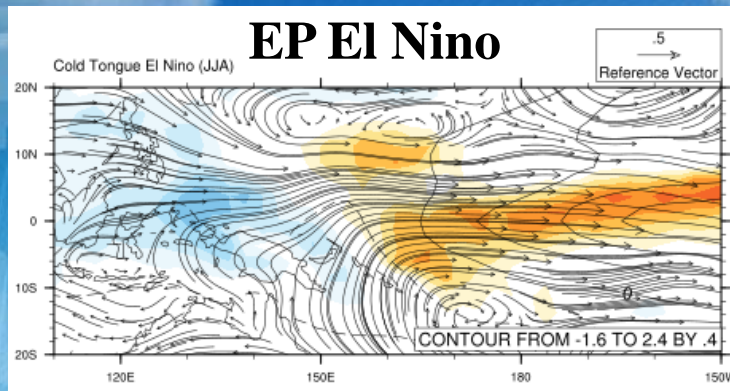
Shin et al. (2021)



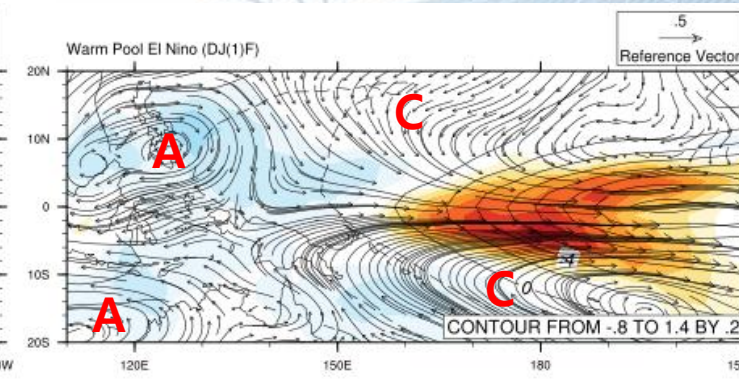
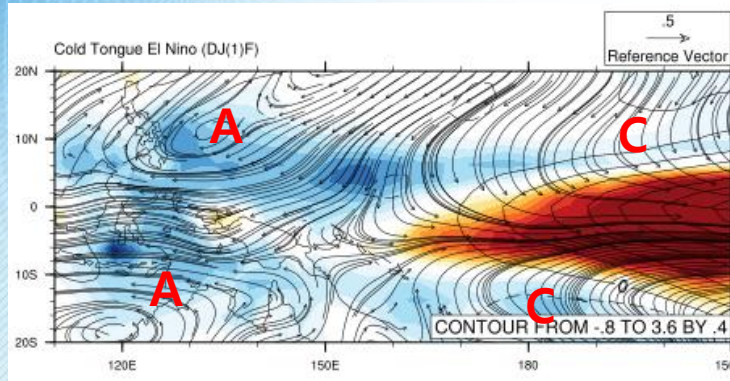
Xin et al. (2024)

# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

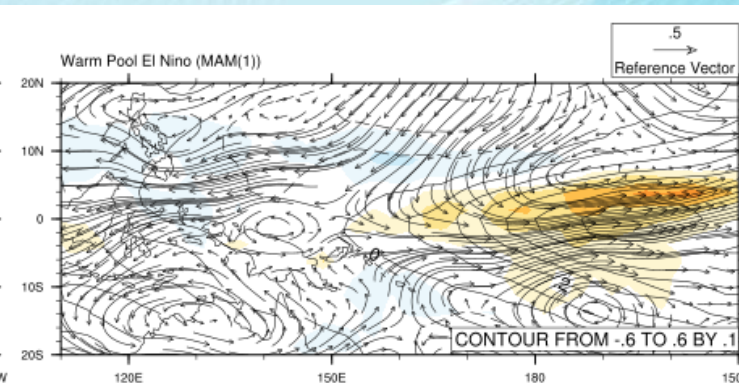
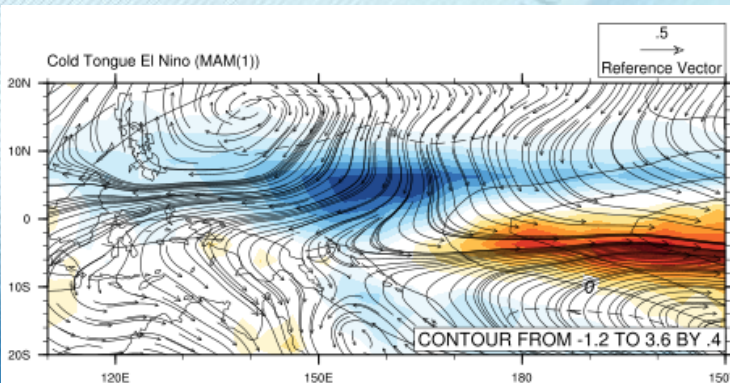
Developing  
JJA(0)



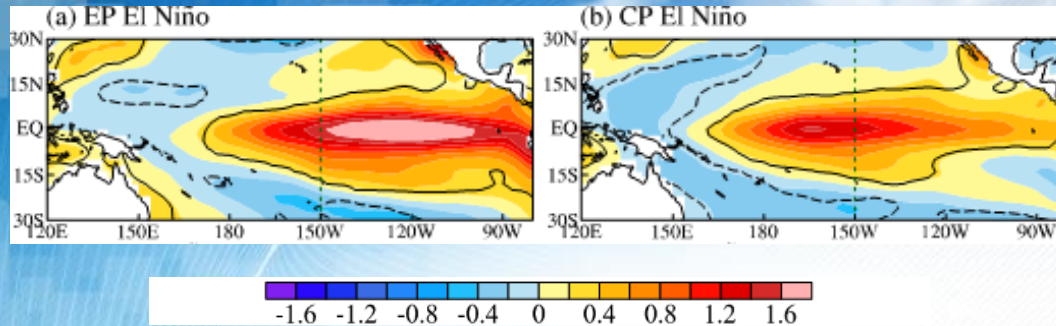
Mature  
D(0)JF(1)



Decaying  
MAM(1)



# Two types of El Niño



Zhang, et. al., (2019) ENSO regime changes responsible for decadal phase relationship variation between ENSO sst and warm water volume, Geophysical Research Letters, 46, 7546–7553.

Available PIC station data : 1983 JFM ~ 2019 DJF

(1983 JFM ~ 2019 DJF)	EP type (4)	CP type (6)
<b>El Niño years</b>	1982/1983	1991/1992
	1986/1987	1994/1995
	1997/1998	2002/2003
	2015/2016	2004/2005
		2006/2007
		2009/2010

Zhang, et. al., (2019)



# Impacts of El Nino Diversity On Pacific Islands

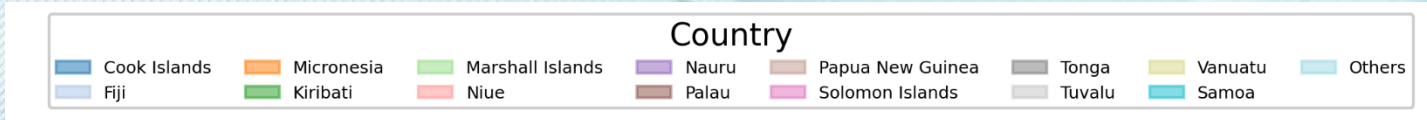
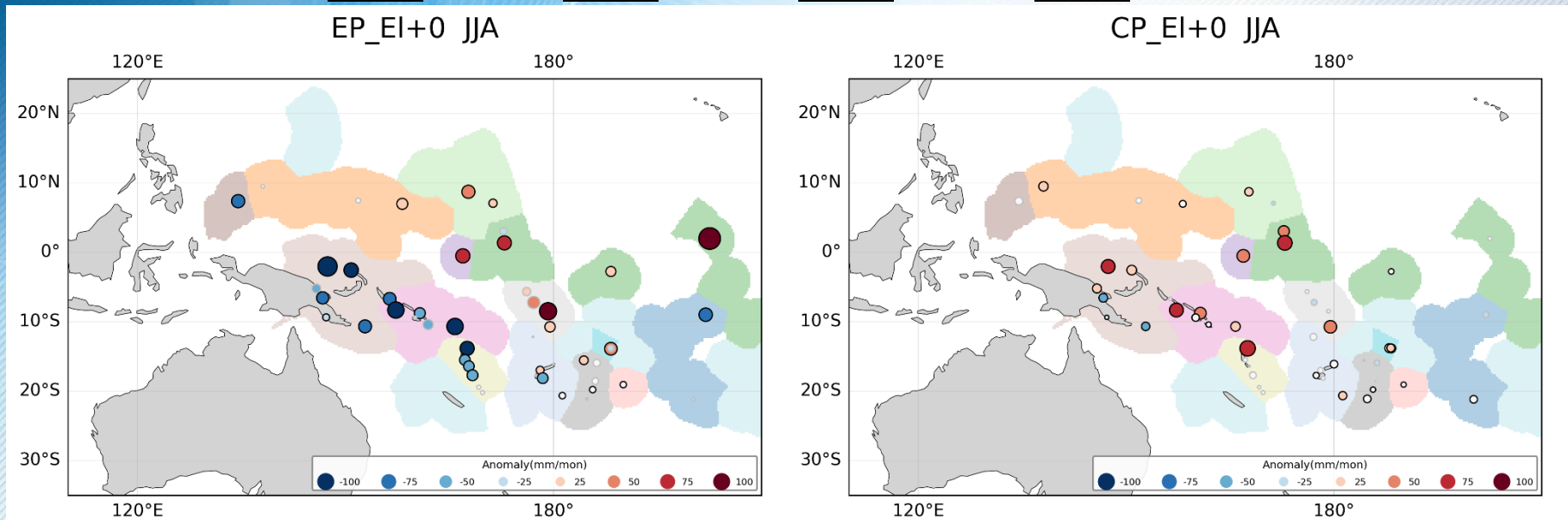
# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

## JJA season

El Nino Developing

EP (3): 1982/1983, 1986/1987, 1997/1998, 2015/2016

CP (6): 1991/1992, 1994/1995, 2002/2003, 2004/2005,



Closed circle : 90% significant level

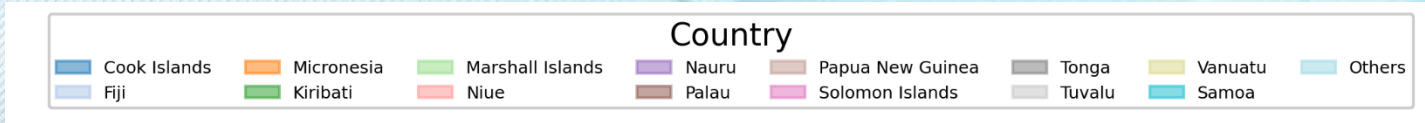
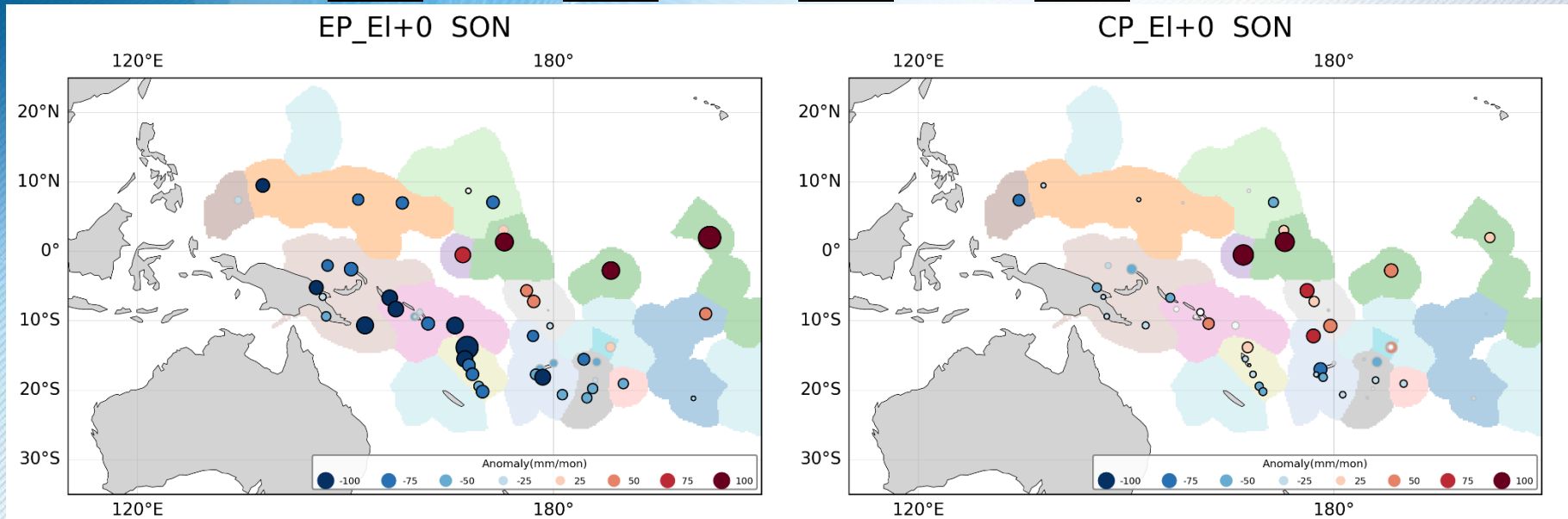
# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

## SON season

El Nino Developing

EP (3): 1982/1983, 1986/1987, 1997/1998, 2015/2016

CP (6): 1991/1992, 1994/1995, 2002/2003, 2004/2005,



Closed circle : 90% significant level

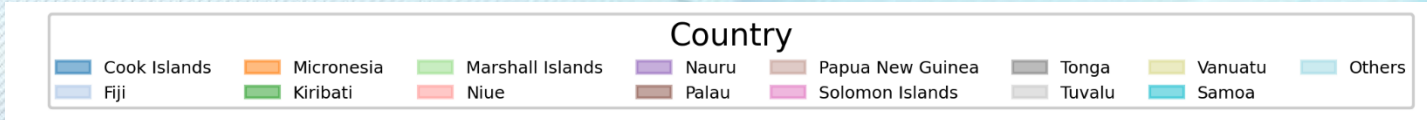
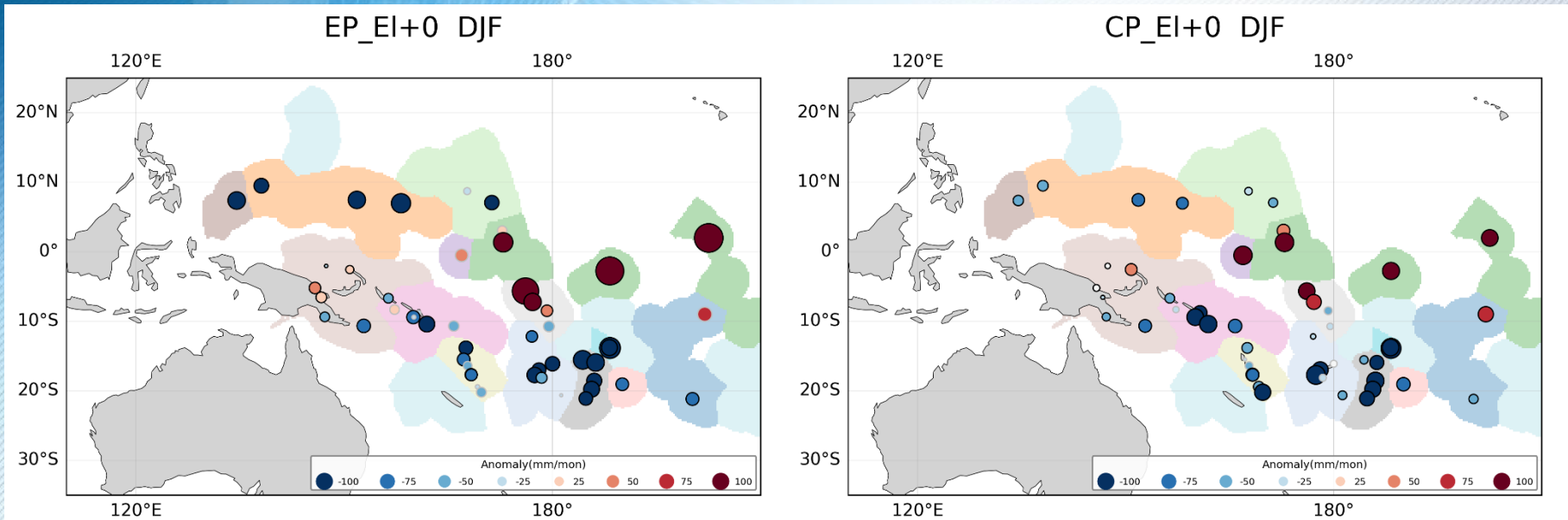
# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

## DJF season

### El Nino PEAK

EP (4): 1982/1983, 1986/1987, 1997/1998, 2015/2016

CP (6): 1991/1992, 1994/1995, 2002/2003, 2004/2005,



Closed circle : 90% significant level

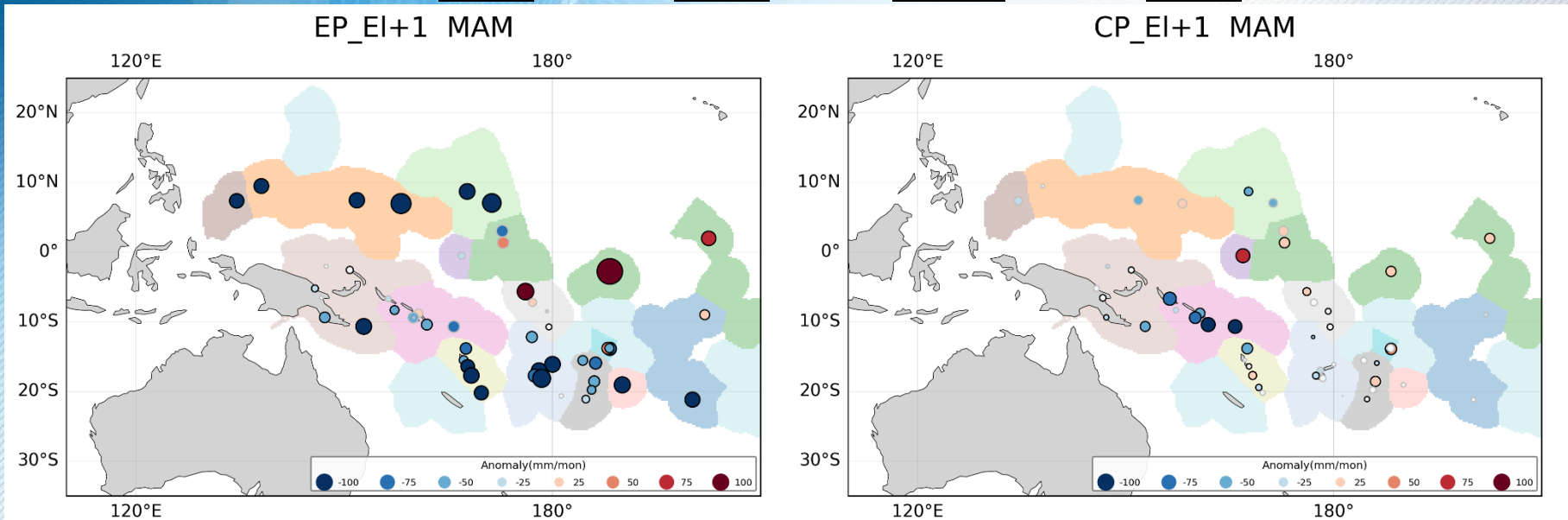
# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

## MAM season

El Nino Decaying

EP (4): 1982/1983, 1986/1987, 1997/1998, 2015/2016

CP (6): 1991/1992, 1994/1995, 2002/2003, 2004/2005,



Closed circle : 90% significant level

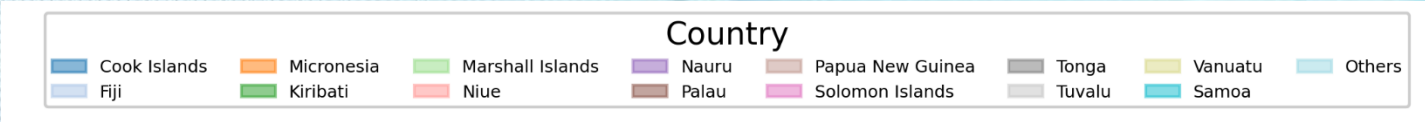
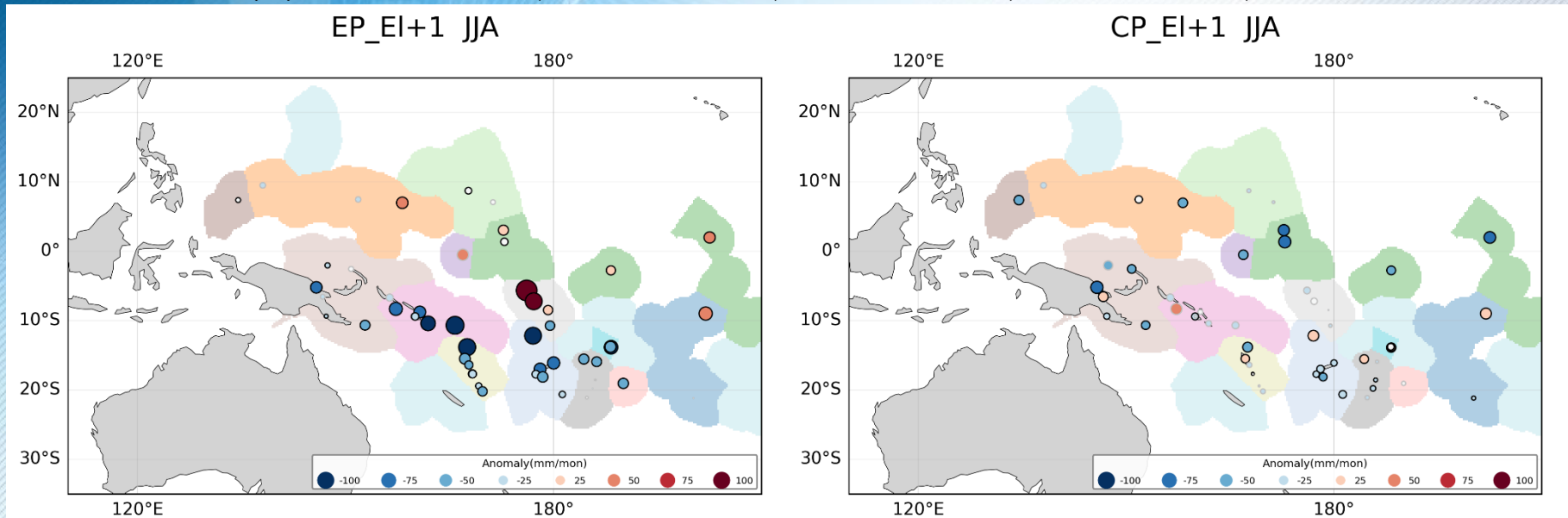
# Two-types of El Nino: Pacific Islands

## JJA season

El Nino Decaying

EP (4): 1982/1983, 1986/1987, 1997/1998, 2015/2016

CP (6): 1991/1992, 1994/1995, 2002/2003, 2004/2005,



Closed circle : 90% significant level

# Thank You!

[jskug1@gmail.com](mailto:jskug1@gmail.com)

<http://climate.snu.ac.kr>

