Seasonal Prediction Project (SPP)

Pacific Islands – Ocean and Climate Outlook Forum No. 174 Summary Report

Date: Wednesday 16 March 2022

Time: Australian Eastern Standard Time at 11:00AM (01:00 UTC)

Host: SPREP

Chair: Cook Islands

Apologies: RMI, Tuvalu, Vanuatu and PNG

Main purpose for the OCOF:

- To provide a regular forum for the 12 participating PIC NMSs to discuss the current ENSO status, recent one and three-month rainfall, drought (if present), their seasonal climate outlooks and stakeholders engagement with other countries and the COMP (Bureau of Meteorology and SPREP) project team.
- In addition, it serves as an online training forum for recent SCOPIC development and gives the project team and the NMSs an opportunity to discuss other project related matters.

Agenda:

- 1. Brief introduction of PIC participants, SPREP, SPC and Bureau of Meteorology teams.
- 2. Report on current ENSO status.
- 3. Each NMS report on their past one and three months' rainfall in relation to the current ENSO situation (include ranking and verification), their three-month outlooks and their stakeholders engagement. Wherever appropriate NMS to report on their drought status.
- 4. Round-table discussion: addressing general concerns/queries on outlooks and SCOPIC
- 5. Feedback on COSPPac products and services.
- 6. Country statements with regards to drought or drought-like conditions, drought module issues/concerns.
- 7. The next OCOF will be held on 20 April 2022 and is to be chaired by Fiji.

Participants:

The Forum was attended by 14 climate officers (7 female) from 7 partner PIC NMSs.

Cook Islands: Bates Manea

Fiji: Jasneel Chandra and Arieta Baleisolomone Kiribati: Mwata Keariki and Kamitia Rubetaake

Niue: Raquel Tanaki, and Julyn Motuse

Papua New Guinea:
Palau: Kiku Mochimaru

Republic of Marshall Islands:

Samoa: Kotoni Faasau, Emannuel Etimani, Taumeasina Fomai, Matthaniah Salesa and Junior Lepale

Solomon Islands: Max Sitai

Tonga: Tuvalu: Vanuatu:

Australia: Elise Chandler, Grant Smith and Janita Pahalad

SPREP: Philip Malsale and Tile Tofaeono

SPC: Zulfikar Begg and Judith Giblin

OCOF tables were received from 9 participating countries before the meeting.

Observations of December 2021 to February 2022:

Observed rainfall for the one and three-month periods ending February 2021 were discussed for each PIC. This month, several countries experienced extreme rainfall as shown in the following table:

Station	Period	Rainfall Amount (mm)	Rainfall Rank	Years of record
Penang Mill, Fiji	February	679.2	105	113
Lautoka Mill, Fiji	February	700	119	122
Nadi Airport, Fiji	February	623.0	77	80
Navua, Fiji	February	148.5	8	77
Penang Mill, Fiji	Dec 21-Feb 22	2172.7	108	109
Lautoka Mill, Fiji	Dec 21-Feb 22	1914.8	112	122
Nadi Airport, Fiji	Dec 21-Feb 22	1868.1	79	79
Hanan Airport, Niue	February	594.9	116	117
Hanan Airport, Niue	Dec 21-Feb 22	1457.5	115	117
Apia, Samoa	February	761.7	126	133
Nafanua, Samoa	February	774.3	45	50
Auki, Solomon Islands	February	669.2	59	61
Taro, Solomon Islands	February	475.8	42	45
Auki, Solomon Islands	Dec 21-Feb 22	1807.1	58	58
Kirakira, Solomon Islands	Dec 21-Feb 22	1631.2	50	52

[Note: The above data may not have undergone quality control]

April to June 2022 Outlooks:

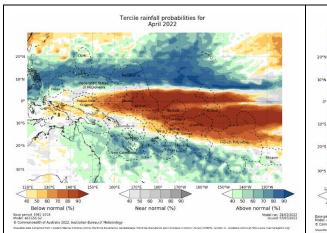
ACCESS-S outlooks:

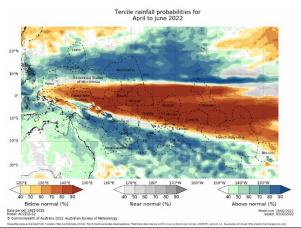
The outlooks shows below normal rainfall is forecasted for southern Palau, southern FSM, southern RMI, northern and eastern parts of PNG, western and northern Solomon Islands, Nauru, Kiribati, Tuvalu, Samoa, Tokelau, American Samoa, northern and central Cook Islands, central and northern French Polynesia and Pitcairn Island.

In contrast, the models show an increased chance of wetter conditions for northern Palau, northern FSM, central and northern RMI, southeast PNG, southern Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, Fiji, Tonga, Niue, southern Cook Islands and southern French Polynesia.

Blank (white) cells indicate the chance is <40% in all categories – so it could be "little guidance" (e.g. 30/36/34), or near-equal in two categories (e.g. 39/37/24).

Australian Aid Project: Climate and Oceans Support Program in the Pacific (COSPPac)





	41-50%	51-60%	61-70%	71-80%	81-90%	>90%
Below normal						
Near-normal						
Above normal						

	March to May 2022				
	ACCESS-S	C3S	CLIKP		
Cook Is North					
Cook Is South					
Fiji West					
Fiji Central					
Fiji East					
Fiji North					
Fiji Rotuma					
FSM West					
FSM Central					
FSM East					
Kiribati West					
Kiribati Central					
Kiribati East					
RMI North					
RMI Central					
RMI South					
Nauru					
Niue					
Palau					
PNG Momase					
PNG Is					
PNG South					
PNG Highlands					
Samoa					
Solomon Is West					
Solomon Is Central					
Solomon Is East					
Tonga North					
Tonga Central					
Tonga South					
Tuvalu North					
Tuvalu Central					
Tuvalu South					
Vanuatu North					
Vanuatu South					

Other matters Discussed:

- OCOF 175 will be hosted by SPREP via zoom on the 20 April 2022
- BOM will provide funding for NMS to celebrate OCOF 175
- SPREP completed check on new SCOPIC version and waits for BOM's approval before distributing to NMS

Observed Rainfall

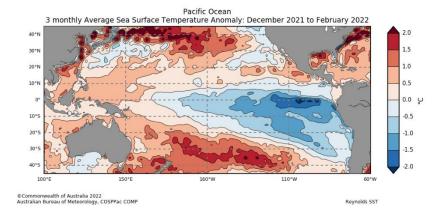
Country	February 2022	December 2021 to February 2022	
Cook Islands	Below normal and normal	Normal and Above Normal	
Fiji	Mostly normal and above normal	Above normal	
Kiribati	Below normal and normal	Mostly Below normal	
RMI	Normal and above normal	Below normal	
Niue	Above Normal	Above Normal	
Palau	Above normal	Above normal	
Papua New Guinea			
Samoa	Above normal	Normal and above normal	
Solomon Islands	Normal and above normal	Above normal	
Tonga			
Tuvalu	Below normal	Below normal to above normal	
Vanuatu			

Ocean Conditions

Observations of December 2021 to February 2022

Sea surface temperature:

3 monthly SST shows cooler conditions prevailed along the central equatorial regions including parts of Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Tuvalu and Cook Islands. Boomerang shape of warmer than normal conditions persisted in the west and remainder of the partner countries.



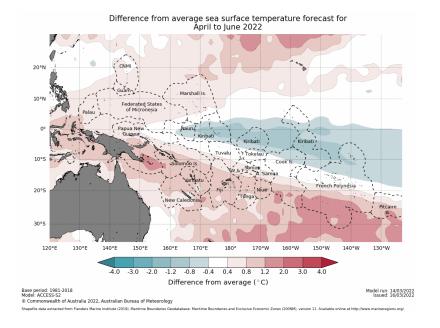
Sea level remained higher than normal for most of the countries from January to February. Below normal anomalies located north of the equator around 10° latitudes.

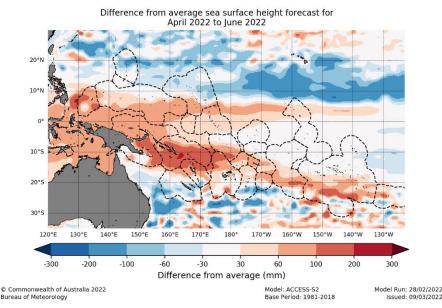
April to June 2022 Outlooks:

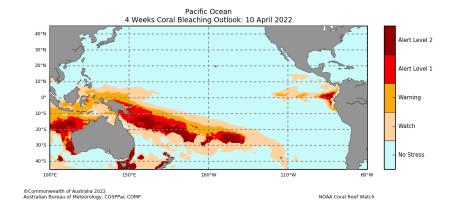
Sea surface temperature outlook: Equatorial zones east of Nauru is forecasted to have cooler than normal conditions with temperature in the range of -0.4 to -1.2 °C. Tuvalu, parts of Cook Islands are favoured to experience near normal conditions.. A boomerang shape of warm conditions is predicted in the western and remainder of the partner countries.

Sea level outlook: sea level is forecasted to be higher than normal for countries near or in the Western Warm Pool (Palau, FSM, southern RMI, central and southern Tuvalu, PNG, Solomon Islands, northern Fiji), ranging from 30 to 300 mm in the western Pacific. Pools of lower sea levels is predicted in southern Vanuatu, north and southern Cook Islands and Kiribati (Phoenix Islands, and central to southern Line Islands). Note that this outlook does not include trends of sea level rise.

Coral Bleaching Outlook: 4 weeks coral bleaching outlook indicates 'watch and warning' for a number of countries, with PNG, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, Fiji, Tonga, Niue and Cook Islands is predicted to have 'Alert level 1 and 2"







Observed Conditions

SST: sea surface temperature anomaly

SLA: sea level anomaly CB: coral bleaching BN: Below Normal NN: Near Normal AN: Above Normal

Coral Bleaching: (No Stress, Watch, Warning, Alert1, Alert2)

Country	February 2022			
•	SST	SLA	СВ	
Cook Islands	BN, AN	AN	No Stress, Watch & Warning	
Fiji	AN	AN	Alert 1	
Kiribati	BN, NN	AN	Watch & No Stress	
Marshall Islands	NN, AN	AN	Watch & No Stress	
Niue	AN	AN	Watch	
Palau	AN	AN	Watch & No Stress	
Papua New Guinea	AN, NN	AN	Warning & Alert 1-2	
Samoa	NN	AN	Watch & Warning	
Solomon Islands	AN	AN	Watch, Warning & Alert 1	
Tonga	AN	AN	Warning & Alert 1-2	
Tuvalu	NN	AN	Watch & No Stress	
Vanuatu	AN, NN	AN	Warning & Alert 1	

Country Stakeholder Engagement- Evaluations of how effective countries engage with their stakeholders

Country	Date February	Stakeholder	Total Number of Participants	Number of male	Number of female
	2022				
Cook Islands – Climate Bulletin	February	Ministry of Transport	29	17	12
Cook Islands - EAR Watch	February	C.I Govt. Stakeholders Public			
Cook Islands – Monthly Climate briefing	February	Climate Change	8	2	6
Cook Islands – Climate Data Request	1-28 February	MMR (Ministry of Marine Resources)	1		1
Fiji-Climate Summary	07 February	General public	140	106	34
Fiji-EAR Watch	14 February	Humanitarian partners	122	96	26
Fiji-Climate Outlook	28 February	General public	124	93	31
Fiji -Climate Outlook for Monasavu	28 February	Energy Fiji Limited	13	13	-
Fiji-Ocean Outlook	21 February	A number of key ocean related stakeholders	36	29	7
Fiji-Meteorological Data Request	01-28 February	A range of stakeholders	56	44	12
Kiribati - Climate bulletin	28 February	Government and Non-Government Organisations and public subscribed to the products.	118	45	73
Kiribati -Ocean Bulletin	28 February	Government and Non-Government Organisations and public subscribed to the products.	118	45	73
Kiribati- Media release	28 February	National Media and KMS Staffs	53	23	30
Marshall Island	18 February	CSO and NDMO	6	3	3
Niue-Monthly	February	Government Officials	15	10	10
Climate Briefing		Village council, private sector and Stakeholder	70	30	40
		General Public	50	20	30

Australian Aid Project: Climate and Oceans Support Program in the Pacific (COSPPac)

variuatu		Total	1,200	757	375
Vanuatu		All civil servants and kaupule members			
Gullook		Disaster Members All civil servants and kaupula members	3		3
Tuvalu -Ocean Outlook	February	Met staffs,	22 9	17 6	5 3
Tuvalu -Monthly Climate briefing	February	Met staffs	22	17	5
		All civil servants and kaupule members			_
Tuvalu -EAR Watch	February	Disaster Members	9	6	3
		All civil servants and kaupule members Met staffs,	22	17	5
Bulletin	,	Disaster Members	9	6	3
Tuvalu-Climate	February	Met staffs,	22	17	5
Tonga					
Solomon Islands - Ocean Bulletin	February	Red Cross, NDMO, Ministryof Agriculture, SIBC,Hydrology, Solomon star, Paoa FM, World Vision, Glodridge Mining, Ministry of Mines and Energy, MEHRD.	14	9	5
Solomon Islands – EAR Watch	February	Red Cross, NDMO, Ministryof Agriculture, SIBC,Hydrology, Solomon star, Paoa FM, World Vision, Glodridge Mining, Ministry of Mines and Energy, MEHRD, Forestry, Ministry of Health, Solomon Water, MECDM,Live and Learn,Tourism, Maritime Service, People with Disability, MID, Ministry of Fisheries, UN Women, Council of Women.	53	39	14
Data request Solomon Islands – Climate bulletin	February	Red Cross, NDMO, Ministryof Agriculture, SIBC,Hydrology, Solomon star, Paoa FM, World Vision, Glodridge Mining, Ministry of Mines and Energy, MEHRD, Forestry, Ministry of Health, Solomon Water, MECDM,Live and Learn,Tourism, Maritime Service, People with Disability, MID, Ministry of Fisheries, Sol Tuna Ltd, UN Women, Council of Women, Community Representatives	58	46	12
PNG Samoa -Climate	February	Construction company	1	1	
Palau	1	No engagement			

Note: The stakeholder data above may not total up due to lack of data from NMS or no participation