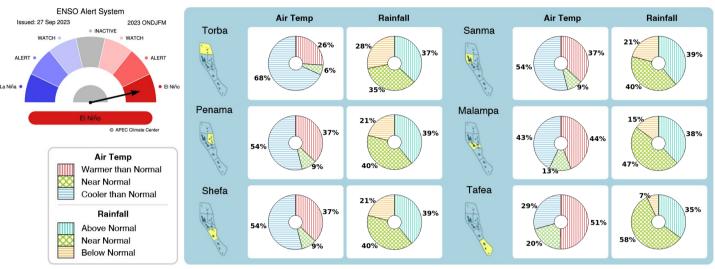
VANUATU Agromet Bulletin

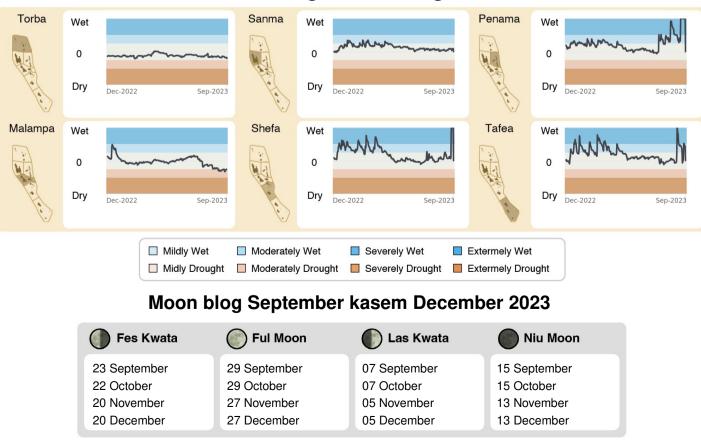
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Vanuatu Meteorology & Geo-Hazards Department, Department of Agriculture & Rural Development



Seasonal Forecasts(Oct~Dec)

- The APCC ENSO Alert suggests "El Niño". In August 2023, above normal sea surface temperature anomalies spanned the equatorial Pacific. The Niño3.4 index is expected to be above 1.4°C for October 2023 – March 2024. The probability for El Niño conditions is expected to be above 98% for the same period.
- Sanma : Cooler and close to normal climate, Torba : Cooler and wetter climate, Penama : Cooler and close to normal climate
- Malampa : Warmer and close to normal climate, Shefa : Cooler and close to normal climate, Tafea : Warmer and close to normal climate



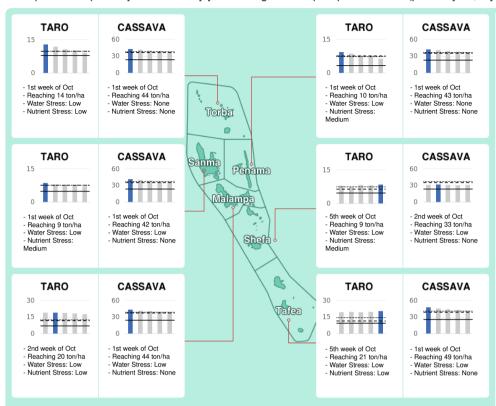
Drought Monitoring

Climate Smart Recommendations for Crop Cultivation

Best Crop Planting Week

Yield(Fresh Weight,t/ha) ······ Past 10-year avg - - Past 5-year avg - Last year avg

Blue bars indicate the best crop planting week. Compare the expected yield to monthly yield averages of the past performances (past 10-year, 5-year, and last-year average)



There is recommended weeks for crop planting to the side.

According to the crop model based forecast, planting cassava during the first week of October in Tafea is projected to highest yield across the country. Yield is higher than last year, higher than the 10-year and 5-year average yield.

Nutrient Stress (applicable to all seasons for all crops)

-farmingAdvisory.DoCompostIncorporate OrganicMattersIntoTheSoil

 Apply organic mulch (e.g dried weed and leaves, vetiver grass, straw) around the crop.
Mulching helps conserve moisture, suppress weed growth, and it gradually release nutrients into the soil as the organic matter decomposes

Water Stress during Cool-Dry Season

 Apply mulch around the crop after planting or plant directly in mulch to reduce moisture loss from the soil and regulate soil temperature.
Practice crop rotation (e.g Mucuna-Taro rotation) and intercropping to enhance nutrient cycling and reduce the risk of nutrient depletion.

More information can be found in the decision tree-based advisory on OSCAR (oscar.gov.vu).

Predicted Yield in October

TARO	CASSAVA		TARO	CASSAVA
0 8.4 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha		0 4.0 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha
TARO	CASSAVA	Penama	TARO	CASSAVA
0 4.8 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha	Malamèa Shaia	0 2.9 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha
TARO	CASSAVA	🔹 Talea	TARO	CASSAVA
0 6.6 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha		0 1.9 t/ha	0 0.0 t/ha

- Above are the predicted crop yield in October.

- Torba is projected to highest Taro fresh yield, reaching 9 ton/ha. Yield is higher than last year, lower than the 10-year and 5-year average yield.

- Malampa is projected to highest Cassava fresh yield, reaching 0 ton/ha. Yield is lower than last year, lower than the 10-year and 5-year average yield.

* Please note that the crop yield forecasts provided in these Agromet Bulletins are based on crop models, and may differ from actual results due to various factor. While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the forecasts, they are subject to inherent uncertainties and may not always be accurate or reflect actual crop yields. Actual crop yields may differ from the forecasted values due to a variety of factors including but not limited to: disease outbreaks, pest infestation, and management practices. Therefore, this information is intended for guidance purposes only and should not be relied upon as a guarantee of actual crop yields.

GREEN CLIMATE

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